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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Afterward.

We know not the sweetness of rest
Until we have shivered with pain,
June's roses seem all the more fair
After Winter's cold darkness and rain.
We know not the jewel to prize
Until we have counted the cost—
We know not how deeply we love
Until the loved we have lost.

We know not how dear was that form,
Till stilled by the ravishing breath.
We know not how sweet was that voice
Until it is silent in death.
Life's sunshine seems all the more bright,
When shadows its splendor have crossed—
We know not how deeply we love
Until the loved we have lost.
—[New York Advertiser.

A GENUINE HERO

A sky of opal and gold, a deep trellised veranda, a novel, and a hammock slung at the most comfortable of angles. With these conditions it was scarcely strange that Halcyon Hartford swayed delightfully between dreamland and the real world that June afternoon, with the fleecy gold of her hair, all guiltless of pin or comb, and the bell sleeves, falling enchantingly away from her round white arms, while one trim slippered foot hung from the edge of the hammock.

"Halcyon! Halcyon! Where are you?"

It was one of those exasperating voices which, once having been sweet, had now a vibrant jar to its tones, painfully akin to shrillness.

Halcyon frowned a little and raised herself on one elbow.

"Oh, Aunt Hal, don't scream so! I was just in such a dream of delight."

"Well, you should have answered, then!"

Aunt Hal came out of the wide, shady hall with an effusive swing of her draperies, and seated herself in a bamboo chair close to the hammock.

She was comically like her niece—at least, as much as a woman of 38 could be like a maid of 18. There was the same yellow luxuriance of hair, but harsher, drier and suggestive of dye; the same pink and white complexion, artificially heightened; similar features, cruelly sharpened by the inexorable hand of time, and teeth just one degree too white and regular to be real.

The white dress she wore was painfully trying, and she was compelled to use gold-rimmed eye-glasses as she held up a letter to the view of her niece.

"What has happened?" drowsily demanded the latter, lifting a pair of blue eyes, fringed with dark lashes.

"The strangest thing!"

"Another offer of marriage?" hazarded Halcyon, settling on the unlikeliest thing which could, in her opinion, happen.

"How did you guess?" with a little exultant cackle. "Exactly. The dear, foolish lad—and he so much younger than I! Why, he couldn't have been 21 when he went to Bombay, and I was at least 30 then—"

"Thirty-five, Aunt Hal," said Halcyon, the merciless.

"Was it as much as that? Well, he seemed desperately in love, then; though of course I never took any notice of the child. But I suppose in that country of blackamoors one can't help thinking about all the women one has ever known at home; and he has written me two or three letters—"

"Has he?"

Halcyon sat straight up in the hammock now. Her blue eyes glowed. The heat had brought a flush to her cheek which all Aunt Hal's carmine saucers could not rival.

"But I never told you," said the elder beauty, "because I remembered that there was a sort of boy and girl affair between you and Charlie Blesson, when you were at boarding school, and I thought you would be nettled. And here's the proposal at last, dear—with his photograph enclosed."

"Let me see it."

What a brave, good face it was—slightly older and sterner than she had looked upon when the Avancanian sailed away three years ago, but yet so strong and manly!

She laughed hysterically.

"Shall you accept him?"

Aunt Hal nibbled coquettishly at the edge of the envelope; the new false teeth gleamed in a smile.

"I—think—I—shall!"

"And you fourteen years older than he is!"

"People don't think about such things as they used to," reasoned Miss Hartford the elder. "Eros is immortal, you know."

Halcyon sank back into the hammock and reopened her book.

"You must do as you please, of course," said she. "After that quotation about Eros, I have not a suggestion to offer."

"Jealous, poor darling!" thought Aunt Hal, with a thrill of pity. And she said:

"Well, of course one can't help those things happening to one, and your time will come soon, dear, never fear."

"It's a good thing," she added to herself, "she does not know anything about dear old Judge Flostroy. There's a difference in age, if you please, and the old pet is so infatuated about me! An old man's darling or a young man's slave—which?"

While Halcyon thought on her side:

"The silly goose! He has done it now! He has been making love to Aunt Hal, thinking he was courting me. Oh, I thought he knew her name was the same as mine. Didn't she stand godmother to me at St. Chrysoline's and give me a coral and bells and an embroidered christening robe? And now he has actually proposed to her! Well, if he is the man I take him to be, he'll stand by his colors, cost him what it may. A man who could walk up to the cannon's mouth at Bey-Idonna surely won't shrink, even from Aunt Hal. And I'd rather know that he was a true hero th-than have a poltroon for my husband!"

And Halcyon turned her face toward the pillow, and cried great sparkling tears like dewdrops.

* * * * * * * *

"So you're back again, Lieutenant? Beg pardon, I'd orter said Colonel, I do suppose," said the old cab driver at the station, whom Charlie Blesson had remembered ever since he was a child. "Well, I declare, I shouldn't hardly have knowed ye! And come home to be married, eh?"

Blesson bit his lips, but he laughed carelessly. Jonas Hopper was a privileged individual, like the court jesters of old.

"How did you know, Hopper?"

"Oh, I dunno. Miss Hartford, she's been gettin' ready to be married, this long time," said Jonas, hoisting the Colonel's luggage on the back of the wagon. "And dressmakers and milliners they will talk, you know, though I'm told Miss Hal took great pains to hide it."

"Did she?" (Aside: "The darling.")

"And a fine woman she is, Colonel," officiously added Jonas, as he pushed in the last iron-clamped trunk. "A very fine woman, considerin' her age. I wonder she ain't married long ago."

Col. Blesson opened his sleepy black eyes wide.

"Why, man, who in the world are you talking about?"

"Why, Miss Hal Hartford, to be sure."

"Miss Halcyon or Miss Halliana?"

"There ain't no Miss Halliana," said Jonas. "They're both the same name; but we call the aunt Miss Ha and the niece Miss Halcyon. My daughter she's lady's maid there, and Id'd orter know, if any one does."

"And which of them is it that is going to get married?" breathlessly queried Blesson.

"Why, the old 'un, in course! Beg pardon!" hurriedly added Jonas. "I mean Miss Hal. Polly she tells me there are twenty-four different gowns ordered, let alone the jackets and parasols and ten-button kid gloves fit to make your hair stand on end."

"And Miss Halcyon—the young lady," cried the Colonel—"she is engaged, too?"

"Not as any one knows on. That ail, Colonel? Got your telescope bag? Then we'd better be movin."

Col. Blesson pondered seriously all the way up to Hartford Cedars, oblivious of Jonas's incessant stream of talk. Could it be possible? No, that was utter nonsense! And yet—

He strained his eyes as he approached the house. Surely golden-haired Halcyon would be there, smiling, to meet him!

But no. In her place stood a middle-aged charmer, rouged and powdered, with hair gleaming meretriciously, and teeth just a size too large for a thin-lipped mouth.

In one hand she held his love-breathing letter, in the other his photograph. And during that second his heart sank like lead.

He did not know—ah, how much more difficult would it have been to bear had he known!—that Halcyon Hartford's eyes were surreptitiously watching him from the honeysuckle-garlanded casement beyond.

"Dear Charles," the elderly damsel said, "you are here at last."

He set his teeth, drew one long breath, and allowed her to slip a caressing hand through his arm and lead him into the house, muttering some hoarse acknowledgement of her coquettish smiles.

"I've brought this upon myself," he thought, "and I must endure it. The lady is not to blame—no, she is not to blame."

"He is a hero," Halcyon thought—"yes, a hero."

And then she burst into a passion of tears and ran upstairs to her own room.

"But now I've got you fairly here," lisped Aunt Hal, more determinedly youthful than ever, "I'm really afraid, dearest Charles, that there's a great disappointment in store for you."

"Eh?"

The young man had sat down in a rather listless manner. Aunt Hal held on to his hand, still all teeth and smiles.

"And I may as well tell you at once," said she, "that I'm engaged to Judge Flostroy of the Superior Court. Of course, if I had known of your attachment in time, there's no saying—"

"Oh, pray don't let me interfere with any existing arrangements," said Blesson, jumping up eagerly. "Perhaps, under the circumstances, you will let me have my photograph back."

Just then there came a ring at the door below as the maid announced:

"Judge Flostroy, miss, if you please."

Before the slow and ponderous steps of the approaching visitor could reach the room, Aunt Hal had thrust the photograph into Blesson's hand.

"A-hem-m-m!" sonorously coughed the luminary of the Superior Court.

Aunt Hal tripped smilingly forward.

"Glad to see you, Judge," she cooed. "This is my old playmate, Col. Blesson, just arrived from India. I dare say, Colonel, you'll find Halcyon somewhere about the house."

"Disposed of in short order," muttered Col. Blesson. "Great heavens! what have I done to deserve such luck?"

Two hours afterward the young lovers sat on the veranda, watching the evening star rise over the hills, while the Judge's basso profundo voice still rolled in the sitting room like distant thunder.

"But wasn't it a narrow escape?" gasped the young Colonel, holding the girl's slim hands in his.

"Would you really have married her?" Halcyon asked.

"As a gentleman there was no escape for me under the circumstances."

"But would you really have married her?"

"Yes, I would!" with sternly set teeth and knitted brows.

"Then I'll marry you, Col. Blesson," whispered Halcyon, "because you are a genuine hero, and because," with an arch glance, "I really think you need a wife to take charge of you."

"After the episode of today," said Col. Blesson, "I really think I do."

Finest of Persian Carpets.

There is now to be seen in London what is declared to be the finest Persian carpet in the world. This is the Holy Carpet of the Mosque of Ardebi in Persia—a carpet which for size, beauty, condition and authenticated age is said to be unrivalled by any known example. Its dimensions are 34 feet 6 inches by 17 feet 6 inches. The ground of the body of the fabric is of a rich blue, covered with a floral tracery of exquisite delicacy. A centre medallion of pale yellow terminates on its outer edge in sixteen minaret-shaped points, from which spring sixteen cartouches, four green, four red and eight cream, and from two of these are suspended, in the direction of the respective ends of the carpet, two of the sacred lamps of the mosque. But the most interesting detail is the pale cream cartouche placed within the border at the upper end of the carpet, bearing an interwoven inscription, which is thus translated: "I have no refuge in the world other than thy threshold. My head has no protection other than thy porchway. The work of the slave of this Holy Place, Maksoud of Kashan, in the year 942." Now, 942 of the Higira is 1535 of our era; so that the carpet was actually in existence, in the Mosque of the sacred city of the Suffavivan Dynasty, when Queen Elizabeth sent Anthony Jenkinson on an embassy to Shah Tamasp. Carpets thus signed and dated are extremely rare and are historically important, but a carpet not only dated and signed, but of such size and beauty as this, is said to be something unheard of before.—[New York Post.

The World's Steamships.

There are 1100 steamships traversing the four great ocean routes. The first is that across the Atlantic, another is by Suez to India, China and Australia. To go around the world that way takes eighty or ninety days and covers 23,000 miles. The passage money is $1000, and the traveler who wishes to go in comfort and ease should take another $1000 with him.

Another sea route described is that by which you start from San Francisco and sail around the American continent to New York. The journey is 16,500 miles long, it takes 100 day to cover it, and the fare is about the same as that around the world. To go around the Cape of Good Hope to Australia and back around Cape Horn is about 25,000 miles, and can be covered in eighty-one days. The cost is only $750.—[Seaboard.

Cheap Lodgings.

Old Gentleman—Where do you lodge?

Tramp—I lodge where I get board.

Old Gentleman—Ah! And where do you get board?

Tramp—In a lumber yard.—[New York Weekly.

A MURDEROUS ANARCHIST.

He Shoots Chairman Frick of the Carnegie Mills.

An Attempt of the Man to Commit Suicide Frustrated.

An attempt was made in Pittsburg, Penn., a few afternoons ago, by an anarchist from New York, to murder Henry C. Frick, Chairman of the Carnegie Steel Company, Limited, and the sole manager of the great Carnegie steel mills in Homestead and elsewhere. He was shot twice in the neck. The murderer's hand was knocked aside at the third shot, an l the bullet embedded itself in the wall over Mr. Frick's head. The would-be assassin then attacked him with a knife and stabbed him twice in the back before he was overpowered. He was just on the point of being shot down for his deed when Mr. Frick, who retained consciousness, interceded for him and saved his life.

Later the man tried to destroy himself by chewing a fulminate of mercury cap, such as Anarchist Lingg used to kill himself in the prison in Chicago while he was awaiting the execution of the death sentence. He was seized before he had succeeded in biting into the cap, and his plan of suicide was frustrated.

The would-be assassin called indifferently "the Anarchist," Alexander Berkman and Simon Roachman for some time remained uncommunicative. No one even of the shrewd detectives or the shrewder newspaper men who had been at work on him ever since his desperate attempt at assassination got anything but contradictory or trivial information from him. He stated that when he was ready he would make a written statement for the press, and until then he would decline to answer any questions. He is a printer and cigarmaker by trade and lived in Forty-second street, New York.

He speaks plain English, is twenty-four years old, weighs 120 pounds and is five feet four inches in height. His face is clean shaved, from its sharp, protruding chin to its narrow, receating forehead. He had under his tongue when arrested one fulminate cartridge similar to that used by Lingg, the Chicago anarchist and suicide, and another in his pocket.

For nearly a week he had been calling at the Carnegie office on a mysterious errand, but disappeared each time before word was sent to him to come in.

The entrance to Mr. Frick's office is by a swinging door. Mr. Frick's desk is a long, flat, oak affair, and is directly in the centre of his room. Back of it against the wall is a leather-covered sofa. There are two or three oak chairs between the desk and the window, but the space between the desk and the door is unoccupied.

When Berkman called the last time Mr. Frick was sitting in front of the desk and sideways to the door. On the opposite side of the table Vice-Chairman Leishmann sat. The latter was looking out of the window and was talking. Mr. Frick's left elbow rested on the desk, one leg was thrown over the arm of his chair, and his face was partly turned away from the door.

When the office boy took the visitor's card he started at once for the private office. He had just placed his hand on the swinging door and was pushing it open when the assassin pushed open the swinging gate and stepped inside the rail. One of the clerks said sharply, "Wait."

The man paid no attention. In two strides he reached the door to the private office and caught it just as it swung back after the boy passed inside. He pushed it in. The boy was just coming out to tell him to wait till the Chairman was disengaged. He brushed the boy aside. He took a step toward the desk and drew a revolver from his coat. At the moment that he did so Mr. Frick looked around. Instantly the man pulled the trigger.

There was a sharp report. Mr. Frick started back, and a stream of blood gushed from his neck. The man took a step nearer and fired again. Again Mr. Frick started back, and for a minute he appeared about to swoon. At the first shot Mr. Leishmann had leaped to his feet. He was bewildered. His eyes bulged out. At the second shot he recovered himself. He bounded around the desk; the man was in the act of pulling the trigger the third time, when the Vice-Chairman came within reaching distance. He threw up his arm and caught the man's wrist and swung the latter's arm up and back. The bullet crashed up into the wall.

Mr. Leishmann held the arm with the pistol with one hand, while he seized the man by the throat with the other. Then began the struggle. At the second shot blood had spurted from the other side of Mr. Frick's neck, and it was running down over his clothing.

He recovered from the shock of his two wounds at the third shot, and got on his feet and threw himself on the struggling men. Round and round the trio wrestled, getting nearer to the front window all the time. Though slight in figure the assailant seemed possessed of herculean strength.

Twice he nearly wrenched himself loose. He was trying hard to free the hand in which he held the pistol. Once he succeeded and pulled the trigger. The pistol missed fire. Leishmann seized himself again and held it. Mr. Frick had grasped the man about the waist, pinioning the other hand.

All three appeared about to fall. They swayed back and forth. Not a word was uttered. Mr. Frick was becoming weak. His blood was staining his assailant's clothing. Finally the man wrenched himself loose. His left hand was freed, and he plunged it into his back pocket.

At just that instant Leishmann, by a mighty effort, wrenched further back the hand holding the pistol, and gaining a purchase, succeeded in tripping the assailant, down on the floor he went in a heap. All this had taken place in less than two minutes.

Then the clerks outside recovered from the shock of the three pistol shots and rushed pell mell to the door and in time to see the fall. There they stood stupefied. As the stranger fell he succeeded in drawing a stiletto-like knife from his pocket with his free left hand.

Mr. Frick and Mr. Leishmann were on their feet bending over him. The knife flashed through the air and was driven with force into the back of Mr. Frick. With hardly an instant's pause it was withdrawn and again driven forward into Mr. Frick's back.

Mr. Frick succeeded in grasping the hand that held the knife, and throwing his whole weight on it pinioned his arm to the floor. Leishmann held the other hand.

The man was helpless. Then it was that the clerks recovered their self-possession and ran to the aid of their employers. Deputy-Sheriff May was at their head.

He got to the door of the private office just in time to see the stabbing. He drew his revolver as he ran forward, and was about to shoot. "Don't shoot. Don't kill him," pleaded Mr. Frick.

"Don't shoot. Don't shoot. The law will punish him."

One of the clerks seized the deputy sheriff's revolver and held it. Two others got the stranger's pistol and the stiletto.

Within a minute or two after the man was conquered no less than 200 persons were crowding into the room, and it was only through the intercession of Mr. Frick that the anarchist escaped lynching. He was removed at once to the station house.

While being searched the prisoner had held his head high and had talked as though he had a pebble in his mouth. T. J. Moyer discovered under his tongue the cause. It was a little cartridge less than an inch in length and of the thickness of a camel's hair brush quill, but of sufficient explosive power, as Arthur Kirk, the dynamite manufacturer and expert said, to have blown the would-be murderous head into as many bloody fragments as a cartridge of the same character blew the head of Lingg, the Chicago anarchist.

"What have you got that thing for?" asked Inspector McKelvey, as with a growl Berkman spat out the morsel of death. "None of your business," was the answer. A further search of the prisoner's clothes revealed the presence of another fulminate cartridge.

The doctors cut the bullet out of Mr. Frick's back and dressed his wounds. He did not become unconscious at any time. He refused to take any anæsthetics. After the operation he took an opiate and fell into a deep sleep. An ambulance was summoned at 7 o'clock, Mr. Frick was carried down on a stretcher, carefully put aboard and driven to his home, seven miles away in Homewood, an east-end suburb.

The doctors said that unless some unforeseen complication occurred Mr. Frick was almost certain to recover.

Expressions of regret among the locked-out men at Homestead at the brutal attack with knife and pistol on Mr. Frick were numerous. The leaders of the men took the earliest opportunity to contradict the belief that the man had anything to do with the Homestead trouble.

THE ALVA SUNK.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Yacht Run Down by the Steamer Dimock.

While at anchor in the fog on Nantucket (Mass.) Shoals early a few mornings ago, W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht Alva was run into by the steamer H. F. Dimock and sunk. All on board the Alva, including W. K. Vanderbilt and party, were saved and taken on board the Dimock.

As soon as it was certain that the yacht would sink, a steam launch, four rowboats and a naphtha launch were lowered from the Alva, which was rapidly sinking, and the owner and passengers, with the crew of fifty-two men, were soon afloat and rapidly pulling away from their doomed craft.

They left none too soon, for when they were about a cable's length from the vessel she made a violent keel to port, and, righting again, plunged down bows first, and nothing but the three masts sticking out of the water indicated the presence of the magnificent ocean rover they had so lately deserted.

The party were all safely landed on board the Dimock, which anchored and remained until about 1:40 o'clock in the afternoon, when the fog lifted and a course was set for Bostor.

The Dimock sustained some slight injuries to her stem and bows, but they were made temporarily safe by her crew while she was awaiting clearing weather. So hurriedly were the occupants of the ill fated craft obliged to leave that they were all, with the exception of the watch on deck, clad in nothing but their night clothes, and lost everything they had in the way of valuables.

The Alva was one of the largest and handsomest yachts afloat. Her owner made a trip to Europe in her two years ago. She was built by Harlan & Hollingsworth, of Wilmington, Del., in 1879, and rebuilt in 1886.

CROP REPORT.

Comparative Acreage of Wheat, Corn, Tobacco and Potatoes.

The report of the statistician of the Agricultural Department giving the comparative acreage of corn, potatoes and tobacco and the condition on the 1st day of July of corn, winter and spring wheat, oats, rye, barley, potatoes, tobacco, the grasses, fruits and other minor crops has just been issued. The returns show the acreage of corn, as compared with the actual area of last year, to be 95.6 per cent. The reduction of area is not equally distributed, being mostly confined to the great corn-producing regions of the country. This decrease, the report says, has been considerably offset by the increased acreage in the South, where during the last year eleven cotton States have given considerable breadth to the cultivation of corn. The condition of the crop, 81.1 per cent., is the lowest July average ever reported by the Department. The condition of wheat is very favorable, there being only a slight decline in several of the minor producing States. The condition of oats, 87.2 per cent., is the lowest July condition with one exception ever reported. The month shows a slight increase in rye. The condition, however, is slightly below that of 1891. Barley has changed but little during the month, but the average reported is the highest ever known in July since 1885. The acreage of potatoes is very low, there being a decrease in the largest yielding States; the early appearance of the potato bug has ruined many crops. This month, the report continues, is especially considered the largest yielding one in the year. The returns from tobacco, although very favorable, are smaller than for the corresponding month last year.

A FAMILY DROWNED.

Fatal Work of a Cloudburst in West Virginia.

A severe storm which passed over Wheeling, W. Va., was disastrous in its results. There was also considerable loss of life, besides some destruction of property by lightning on Long Run, in Marshall County, a few miles south of Wheeling. An entire family of nine persons was swept from the face of the earth by a sudden flood following a cloudburst. The family consisted of William Doty and wife, their three children, Doty's father and mother, Mrs. Doty's mother and a servant girl. The house was situated in a ravine and was swept away by the torrent, not one of the sleeping occupants being left to tell the tale.

Another house was swept away by the same torrent, but all the occupants escaped. At Proctor, on the Ohio Railroad, a long trestle was washed out and a freight train was wrecked. Twenty-eight cars were piled up, and the engineer, Will Beasley, of Parkersburg, was injured so that his leg had to be amputated.

At Parkersburg, the State militia was in annual encampment, and a second storm wrecked the camp. Women who were visiting the camp narrowly escaped serious injury. Near the encampment, the stable of C. H. Shattuck's stock farm was struck by lightning, and several blooded horses were killed.

A PITCHED BATTLE.

Attempts to Attach a Circus Result in a Free-for-All Riot.

There was a serious riot in the village of Phoenix, N. Y., a few nights ago, in which two persons were fatally hurt. It grew out of an attempt on the part of Deputy Sheriff Vickery and two officers to attach the property of Downie & Callagher, circus owners.

The combination travels by canal, and while on the way to Phoenix from Oswego the circus boats ran into and damaged a canal boat. The managers refused to settle, and attachment papers were taken out. When the officers went to serve them the circus men resisted and began shooting. The villagers were attracted to the scene, and a general skirmish resulted, during which one of the circus hands and one of the officers were fatally hurt.

A large crowd assembled, and threats of lynching the circus men in a body were made. The wrath of the crowd was finally appeased when twelve of the circus hands were literally dragged to jail. The villagers guarded the jail all night to prevent them from escaping.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

General Weaver Opens the Campaign in Colorado.

General James B. Weaver, the People's Party Presidential candidate, the other night made his opening speech in Denver, Col. Coliseum Hall, in which the meeting was held, was crowded to its greatest capacity, and then an overflow meeting was held in the open air to accommodate those who could not obtain admission to the hall.

Mrs. M. E. Lease, the woman reformer from Kansas, addressed the overflow meeting and also made a speech in the hall.

In the hall, when General Weaver appeared upon the platform, B. Clark Wheeler, of Aspen, presented him with a silver pen with which, as Wheeler said he could, when elected, sign the Free Coinage bill. Great applause greeted the presentation, and when it subsided General Weaver, after returning thanks, proceeded to deliver his address, which was listened to with close attention, interrupted repeatedly by applause.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

GOVERNOR FLOWER, of New York, reviewed the Naval Militia and the National Guard at the Peekskill State Camp.

ALL the skilled workmen in Carnegie's steel mills at Duquesne, Pittsburg, Penn., numbering about 750, went out on strike in sympathy with the Homestead men. Governor Pattison left Homestead for Harrisburg.

HENRY F. HARDY, whose daring bank robberies in New York City startled the police all over the world, and who escaped from every prison he was confined in, has been arrested in Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, after robbing several banks in that country.

HUGH O'DONNELL and the other strike leaders at Homstead, Penn., under arrest charged with killing Pinkertons, were admitted to bail in $10,000 each.

THOMAS W. WALSH, a policeman, was shot in the head in New York City by Charles Reilly, a prisoner, whom he then killed.

PATRICK MEEHAN, of Haverstraw, N. Y., went to the home of his father-in-law, Patrick Mullen. He was refused admission and Mullen fired a shot from a pistol at him, killing him instantly.

THE night watchman in the office of the Asbury Park (N. J.) Street Railroad Company was bound and gagged by burglars, and the safe blown open and robbed.

THOMAS AND JOSEPH LAPOINTE, aged seven and eight years, were drowned while bathing at Augusta, Me. George Walker, Herbert Knight and John Gammet, of Kennebunk, Me., were drowned by the capsizing of a dory. William Pierce, of Corry, Penn., was drowned while sailing on the Connecticut River, at Middletown, Conn.

ROBERT RAY HAMILTON'S body has been taken to New York from Wyoming and placed in the vault of his uncle, Robert Ray, in Greenwood Cemetery.

PART of the New York Biscuit Company's plant, in New York City, was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of over $160,000.

LOUIS COUCHER, a farmer of Myersville, N. J., was clearing away the grass in front of his mowing machine, when the horses started and he fell in front of the knives. He grasped the cutting bar in an attempt to stop the horses, but could not. The top of his skull was cut off by the knives, exposing his brains. His death was witnessed by his little son.

FREDERICK MOLLICK, a baker, was arrested at Long Branch, N. J., accused of complicity with the Anarchist Berkman in the attack on Chairman Frick; H. Bauer, also an alleged accomplice of Berkman, was arrested in Pittsburg. The police of that city thought there was a plot to assassinate Frick, which had its inception in New York.

INTENSE heat prevailed throughout the Eastern and Middle States, causing many deaths and interfering with work in factories and mills. The highest temperature, 101 degrees, was reached at Philadelphia, where there were thirteen deaths from prostration.

South and West.

THE remains of J. S. Breedlove and the Pennsylvania capitalist, Fish, have been found in a canyon of the Cocopah Mountains, near San Diego, Cal. No trace could be found of Breedlove's son, who started out with the party. These gentlemen left Campo July 4th, in search of a gold mine on the desert.

JOHN AND CHARLES RUGGLES, stage robbers and murderers, were lynched by a mob at Redding, Cal.

A DISASTROUS conflagration raged at Boiling Brook, the racing stock farm of R Wyndham Walden, near Middleburg, Md. Lightning struck the principal stable on the place, and the structure was soon in flames. The wind swept the fire through the stables, and all efforts to extinguish it were unavailing, fourteen head of stock, valued at more than $100,000, being destroyed.

THE town of Iron River, Wis., was wiped out by fire late the other afternoon. The entire business district and buildings of the Northern Pacific and South Shore and Atlantic railroads were burned, together with most of the residence district. The loss was roughly estimated at $200,000.

A FIRE broke out in the coal bunkers of the United States cruiser Charleston while off Port Orchard, Washington. The fire bell was immediately rung, and within thirty seconds the pumps were started, and, after battling with the flames for thirty-five minutes, the fire was subdued. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion.

NEAR Benwood, West Va., Michael Boyleu, and his sixteen-year-old son John, insulted the wife of Samuel Winesburg, which the latter resented. John Boylen drew a revolver and killed Winesburg. Mrs. Winesburg was shot near the heart and died next morning.

FIRE at Bay City, Mich., destroyed three hundred dwellings, two churches, four hotels and forty stores. One woman was burned to death. The loss is $1,000,000.

A DISASTROUS hailstorm visited Lakefield, Minn. The storm covered a strip of country three miles wide. The fields in the strip were utterly laid waste.

Washington.

THE President made the following nominations: Charles F. Markell, of Maryland, to be Secretary of the Legation of the United States at Brazil; Adam Everly, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul of the United States at Birmingham.

ROBERT AND WILLIAM PINKERTON, the proprietors of what they style "a general detective and watchman business," were put upon the stand by the Congressional Committee appointed to investigate the Homestead strike, and were questioned as to the methods pursued in the organization of such bands as that which invaded the little Pennsylvania town on July 6.

THE President granted pardon in the case of Willard M. Cooper, convicted in New York of passing counterfeit silver dollars, and sentenced in March to two years' imprisonment.

THE Senate, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations: Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary—Andrew D. White, of New York, to Russia; A. Loudon Snowden, of Pennsylvania, to Spain, and Truxton Beale, of California, to Greece, Roumania and Servia. Cyrus W. Field, of New York, was also confirmed as Consul to Brunswick, Germany.

THE President has granted a pardon to James King, of Louisiana, sentenced July 28, 1890, to four years' imprisonment for violation of the postal laws.

THE President nominated as United States Consuls Francis B. Loomis, of Ohio, at St. Etienne, France, and Soren Listoe, of Minnesota, at Duesseldorf, Germany.

GEORGE SHIRAS was confirmed by the United States Senate as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

SENATOR ALDRICH, of Rhode Island, opened the tariff debate in the Senate with a speech in which he asserted that the cost of living had been decreased under operation of the McKinley bill and that wages had been increased. His statements were denied by Senator Vest, of Missouri.

THE President has approved the act to enforce reciprocal commercial relations between the United States and Canada.

Foreign.

CANDELARCE PEREZ, the famous Mexican bandit, has been executed at Lacatecas, Mexico.

THE Government of Honduras closed its coast to foreign commerce.

A HEAVY thunderstorm, followed by a terrible hailstorm, passed over Marmora, Canada. Fruit and grain were completely destroyed. Hundred of windows were broken and other damage was done. Some of the hailstones picked up measured six inches in circumference.

THE Arion singers of New York City were received at Munich, Bavaria, by the United Singing Societies of that city, and a festival with illumination and fireworks was given in their honor.

THE recent account of volcanic eruptions on Great Sanguir Island were confirmed by official dispatches, which said that 2000 persons had been killed.

THE tower of the Minaier Mosque in Alexandria, Egypt, was said to have collapsed during a religious service, killing several hundred people.

THE famous "robber tower" at Znaim, in Moravia, one of the oldest relics of the Middle Ages, has fallen. Five persons were killed by the falling walls.

IN a riot at a fair in Alameda, Spain, soldiers fired on an unarmed mob and killed two persons.

DISASTROUS forest fires have been raging in Prince Edward Island and Cape Breton.

OFFICIAL reports showed that there had been almost 5000 cases of cholera in Russia in four days. Cholerine has attacked the inmates of the Bonneval Lunatic Asylum, in France, and twenty-two deaths have already occurred from the disease.

THE English have armed the natives of East Africa to fight the Germans.

EIGHTY persons were injured by the falling of the seats in the theatre at Ruel, France.

A COMMERCIAL treaty between Germany and the Republic of Colombia was signed.

A BANK ROBBED.

Mrs. Sawyer, the Cashier, Faints When a Pistol is Pointed at Her.

Two of the Dalton band of highwaymen and train robbers entered the bank of El Reno, Oklahoma, and robbed it of about $10,500. Less than $100 of the whole amount was in silver.

At 10 o'clock A. M., a stranger entered the bank at the front door, and, stepping up to the window of the cashier, Mrs. S. W. Sawyer, engaged her in conversation about some real estate in the city. Another man stole silently in at the back, and, going quietly to the rear of the room, entered the directors' apartments. Stepping to a wicket door he passed the spring latch back, and, rushing up to Mrs. Sawyer, put a big gun up in her face and told her he would blow her brains out if she uttered a word of alarm.

When Mrs. Sawyer realized her position she swooned and fell over on the floor. This was a streak of good fortune the daring bandits had not calculated upon. They hastily entered the vault, and gathering up two packages of bills that contained $200 each and loose bills and silver and a small sack of gold, the whole aggregating $10,500, packed them in a pair of saddle-bags and rushing out the front door mounted horses that were standing close to the pavement unhitched. They were away before Mrs. Sawyer recovered consciousness and gave the alarm.

PUT TO THE SWORD.

A Mad Scotch Clerk Hacks Three Persons to Death.

James Fraser, a bank clerk, residing in the village of Polmont, County of Stirling, Scotland, rushed into the house of a neighbor with a drawn sword in his hand, and without a word of warning made a murderous attack upon him, slashing with his weapon at all who came to rescue his victim. The neighbor made a good fight, but all his attempts to disarm Frazer were unavailing and at last, weak from loss of blood he was unable to resist longer and was hacked to death. The murderer then turned his attention to the wife of his victim, inflicting upon her wounds which will result in her death. Not satisfied with his bloody work, he then rushed from the house, and meeting a young woman on the highway cut and stabbed her with the sword which he still carried until he had killed her. He was finally captured after a desperate struggle. He was believed to be insane.

INDIANS CAN VOTE.

Legal Opinions Rendered in Oklahoma Cause Comment.

Considerable comment has been caused throughout Oklahoma by legal opinions rendered by Judge John Dille and other prominent lawyers of the Territory that Indians will be entitled to vote at the coming elections.

They say the law provides that Indians taking land in severalty have the same rights of franchise as any citizen, and if this opinion be good law the candidates will have 3300 Indians to butt onhole.

If the Indians vote it is liable to make quite a difference in the Congressional race.

SHOT BY MEXICAN RANGERS

Robbers Taken Out and Their Dead Bodies Left Where They Fell.

Several Texans from the Mexican frontier report that six of the robbers who recently attacked Quarry Foreman C. H. Wood near Trespidras, on the Mexican International road, and who attempted to murder him and afterward robbed his car, have been arrested by Mexican Rangers, who, after identifying the men by stolen property upon their persons, took them out a short distance from the main track and put the entire number to death. The six robbers were shot and their bodies left where they fell.

CONSPIRATORS EXECUTED.

They Had Plotted to Kill Bulgaria's Prince and Premier.

The four conspirators, Milaroff, Popoff, Gheorghieff and Karaguloff, who, with twelve others, were recently tried by court martial on charges of being implicated in a plot against the lives of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria and his Prime Minister, M. Stambuloff, were executed in Sofia, Bulgaria, at five o'clock a few mornings since

Montana Sapphire.

The only locality in Montana which has been at all prolific of sapphires is the six or seven miles of placer ground between Ruby and Eldorado bars on the Missouri River, sixteen miles east of Helena. Here sapphires are found in glacial auriferous gravels while sluicing for gold, and until now have been considered only a by product. Up to the present time they have never been systematically mined. In 1889 one company took the option on 4,000 acres of the river banks, and several smaller companies have since been formed with a view of mining for these gems alone or in connection with gold.

The colors of the gems obtained, although beautiful and interesting, are not the standard blue or red shades generally demanded by the public. The stones embrace a great variety of the lighter shades of red, yellow, blue and green. The latter color is found quite pronounced, being rather a blue green than an emerald green. Nearly all the stones, when finely cut, have an apparent metallic luster which is strikingly peculiar to those from this locality. Neither red rubies nor true blue sapphires have yet been found.

Love.

Love puts thorns on friendship.

Jealousy is love turned upside down.

Men measure love by time; women, by eternity.

Love is a great care.

Love needs no messenger to say it's come.

Three meals a day is good for love.

Love is twin to sorrow.

Love cannot be hidden.

Each one has own definition for love.

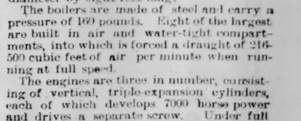
Hate is love gone mad.

THE GEM OF THE OCEAN.

Columbia, Our Commerce Destroyer, Launched.

Description of the Greatest and Fastest Vessel Afloat.

The new United States commerce destroyer Columbia, officially rated as Cruiser No. 12, but nicknamed "The Pirate," was successfully launched at 3:30 o'clock a few afternoons ago in Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia. The young lady who was selected to christen the beautiful craft was Miss Edith Morton, the daughter of Vice-President Morton.



THE COLUMBIA.

When all was ready she broke a bottle of champagne, gaily decorated with a hand-painted picture of the cruiser and red, white and blue silk streamers, upon the cruiser's prow, and the new member of the navy gracefully slid from the ways and beautifully settled in the water. As the stern struck the river every whistle in the vicinity began shrieking, and the pandemonium continued for some minutes. The Columbia's anchor was cast when the middle of the river was reached.

Among the christening party who mounted the flag covered stand at the bow of the vessel were Secretary of the Navy Tracy, Vice-President Morton and Mrs. and Miss Helen Morton. The ladies carried large bouquets of roses,

The North Carolinian.

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FOR PRESIDENT:
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
Of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
WHITELAW REID,
Of New York.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
CHARLES C. POOL,
Of Pasquotank.

WHAT REPUBLICAN PROTECTION HAS DONE.

In October, 1890, when the McKinley Tariff law was enacted, *not a sheet of tin plate was being made in this country and not a factory was in operation.*

By July 1, 1891, when the increased tin plate duties went into effect, several factories had been erected and a few hundred boxes of tin plate were being made daily in American factories.

During the year ending July 1, 1892, 13,249,830 pounds of tin plate was manufactured by American wage-earners, and over 2,000,000 pounds of American sheet iron and steel were tinned.

The proposition is: Under the revenue tariff we made *no tin plate here;* under fair Protection, in one year, we made 13,240,830 pounds. *This is the industry which the democratic Congress would strangle by placing tin plate on the free list.*

WANT TO KNOW.

The sugar duties have been revenue rather than protective. When the Democracy proclaims its purpose of breaking down Protection, and introducing a purely revenue tariff, does it intend to restore the sugar duties? Mr. Cleveland ought to enlighten the country on this point when he writes his letter of acceptance. Consumers will be anxious to know whether the Democratic method of relieving them from the "oppression and robbery" of Protection includes an increase of the cost of sugar. Exporters and farmers are also entitled to know whether the Reciprocity treaties are to be abrogated by the imposition of duties on sugar.

A SIGHT TO STARE AT.

The leaders of Democratic opinion have admitted on the threshold of the campaign that they are whipped on the tariff issue. They are fleeing from the free trade plank of the Chicago platform in a disgraceful stampede, and Grover Cleveland, of Buzzard's Bay, has forced himself to the head of the great scramble. It is a sight for gods and nymphs to stare at. Nothing like it was ever before witnessed in a Presidential campaign to accentuate the hilarity of nations.

To know that in England one in every thirty-nine of the population is a pauper, whereas in this country there is one pauper to every 680 inhabitants, suggests to every thoughtful man that there must be a superior industrial system in operation in the United States. There is. We have a protective tariff.

The campaign between two Democratic factions who are running rival tickets in South Carolina is very hot and bitter. Pistols are drawn at meetings in prominent places; permission to speak is refused to the party in the minority, and altogether it is a fine exhibition of "fair play" in the politics of South Carolina.

The question before the American people is simply, Shall this Government be continued under the fostering and progressive arm of Protection and Honest Money, or shall it accept Free Trade with its monarchical results to the laboring classes of a free country and a Dollar representing only seventy cents.

When a Tammany man is asked where his enthusiasm for the ticket is, he smiles in a far off way and says it is yet too hot to shout much. The warm spell that troubles Tammany will last til quite late this fall, or else it fluenza will be the excuse later on.

No thoughtful man has read Cleveland's speech of acceptance without feeling that it was the speech of a demagogue instead of a statesman. There is not to be found in it a single valuable utterance, or a policy defined and marked out clearly.

In answer to the question, by whom was Mr. Cleveland nominated? the CAROLINIAN states by his officeholders of four years ago and hope to be officeholders of four years to come.

The fish brought to the Democratic larder by their drag-net investigations in the Departments are rather small and not altogether palatable to the investigators.

The American Eagle will never flap his wings over Buzzard's Bay. He isn't that kind of a bird.

The Colored Fair opens at Newbern next Monday.

Ran down the Hill—Clevelandites.

FIAURES DON'T LIE.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, the increase in free imports over the previous year was $91,759,793. There was an increase in the value of exports of $145,854,06.

The excess in the value of our exports over imports—the so-called "balance of trade"—was $202,944,344. Finally, there was a decrease of dutiable imports amounting to $109,284,705, showing that the United States now makes many goods which formerly we bought.

And for all this the nation is indebted to the McKinley tariff and Republican reciprocity.

A STATE CONVENTION.

At the meeting of the Republican State Executive Committee at Raleigh last week, after full discussion it was agreed to call a State Convention on the 7th of September, for the purpose of considering and determining the matter of putting a State ticket in the field. In the opinion of the CAROLINIAN none should be. Let the Republicans of North Carolina make the fight on National issues only and the State can be carried for Harrison.

WHAT FARMERS SHOULD STUDY.

A farmer's education is not complete who understands and practices only the production of crops from the soil. No agricultural system is complete that does not include the breeding and feeding of live stock. Every farmer should study the different kinds and breeds of stock, learn their good and bad points, the adaptability to his needs, and the probable profit in handling them.

The dose of their own bull dozing now being administered in South Carolina by the Tillmanites, to their opponents, ought to bring forth fruits meet for repentence, if nothing else. How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is for a lifelong Democratic bull dozer to be led out on a dark night and given sixty lashes on his bare back.

The best fiscal year the government has known since the war is that which is the first year of the McKinley law. The figures for the year ending June 30th, last are a magnificent proof of what has been accomplished by protection.

As neither Cleveland nor Stevenson can carry his own State they are a brace of very interesting political orphans. It is not strange that Whitney refused to conduct their campaign, and Harrity goes to it with reluctance.

Note the remarkable difference between the utterances of the elder Harrison and ex-President Cleveland. The one sensible, clean cut and statesmanlike—the other crude, careless and commonplace.

The New York fisherman who recently "caught a fish combining a lady's gold watch" should have tried another pull at the jug of bait in the hope of bringing up a fish containing the lady.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, July 29th, 1892.

Hurrah for republican persistency. It has won another great victory over the antiquated ideas of moss-backed democracy, and compelled a majority of the House to uphold the National honor by voting for the World's Fair appropriation. Let no one forget that had it not been for the persistency of the republican Senate in demanding that the House pass that appropriation, and the votes of the solid republican membership of that body, aided by progressive, anti-Holman democrats, the exposition in which the President had by direction of Congress invited the nations of the world to participate would have been crippled, if not entirely ruined, by the democratic refusal to render it national financial aid.

Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, delivered one of his calm, conservative and convincing speeches this week, on the report of the committee which has been engaged in investigating the effect of the tariff on the cost of living and wages in this country and Great Britain. He began by stating that the lines were more sharply drawn in the present campaign than ever before, the republicans favoring a continuance of the protective tariff, and the democrats denouncing protection as a fraud and as being unconstitutional. He gave notice that the friends of protection proposed waging an aggressive warfare upon the revolutionary doctrines which, although long secretly cherished by democratic leaders, are now for the first time openly avowed. He then recited the democratic statements—misstatements would have better expressed the idea—made during the last Congressional campaign, charging that the McKinley tariff law would result in greatly increasing the cost of living in this country. This charge has been completely refuted by the non-partisan investigation of the Senate committee, of which Mr. Aldrich was chairman, and Senators Carlisle and Harris the democratic members, which shows that since 1890 there has been a steady decline in the cost of living in the United States and an increase in Great Britain, and that at no time in our history has the earnings of the American people been so great, measured by their power to purchase the comforts and necessaries of life, as they are to-day.

Senator Vest made a weak attempt to reply, using the Homestead labor troubles as an argument against protection, and asserting that the value of farming lands had deteriated under protection, which assertion brought instant denials, as to their own States, from a number of republican Senators, including Paddock, of Nebraska, Davis, of Minnesota, and Pettigrew, of North Dakota.

If Senator Palmer, of Illinois, isn't careful he will get himself drummed out of the democratic party. He so far forgot the policy of that party, the other day, as to say, on the floor of the Senate, that he did not believe the republican party was responsible for such events as the Homestead tragedy.

Democrats Against Cleveland.

All over the North and South prominent democrats are declining to support Cleveland.

John McDowell, a democratic State office in Tennessee, refuses to support the democratic national ticket because of its platform.

Frank Burkitt, recently nominated as a democratic elector-at-large in Mississippi, resigned his place and refuses to support Cleveland and Stevenson.

H. Jamison recently a democratic candidate for Congress in the Fourth Mississippi District, refuses to support the democratic ticket or the democratic national platform, and declares that he will run as a Third Party candidate for Congress.

Irving H. Palmer and Riley Champlin, two prominent democrats, last week resigned from the Cortland, New York, Democratic Club and came out for Harrison.

In a letter of explanation Mr. Palmer says that Mr. Cleveland's letter on the "Force" bill, which is not an issue, is a cowardly evasion of the truth, and he has been reluctantly convinced by Mr. Cleveland's own actions of his "truculency and his dishonesty and insincerity" on the question of the tariff.

Ex-Park Commissioner Daniel M. Somers of Brooklyn, has resigned from the Democratic General Committee and declared that he will not support Cleveland, as he cannot endorse the free trade plank of the democracy.

A large number of democrats who believe in protection have organized a club in Cloversville, with the determination to vote against Cleveland. They say: While asserting and maintaining our loyalty to democratic principles we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to defeat the Mugwump free trader, Grover Cleveland, and to vote, as the lesser of two evils, for Benjamin Harrison at the approaching election.

Prominent democrats everywhere refuse to support the Mugwump free trade candidate, and in the State of New York every State officer and every delegate to the Democratic National Convention is on record as publicly declaring that *Cleveland cannot carry New York.*

Is This A Free Country.

Farmers' Voice (Alliance)

At this time it is very pertinent to ask the above question. Freedom of speech, action of thought and freedom of action, have always been claimed to be the inherent rights of the citizens of this country. Jefferson, the great apostle of Liberty, believed in guaranteeing the ultimate freedom. He had the greatest confidence in the wisdom and honesty of the plain people, and stood as the champion and advocate of their rights and principles.

He believed that all men should be free to exercise their opinions, his principles and doctrines were diametrically opposed to despotism in any shape or form.

But how marked is the departure from Jefferson's teachings to-day! Men are not permitted to express honest opinions that are not in the general current, without being subjected to the severest criticism and abuse. The man who dares to maintain a position favorable to the great question that arraigns "the plunder of the masses is considered a 'demagogue,' an 'office seeker,' a 'place,' a 'knave' and everything else that is contemptible mean and low.

It has reached that point that a man can't speak his sentiments freely without being made the shaft of the bitterest obloquy.

$21. The Eyer Desk Co., of St. Louis, Mo., have just thrown on the market an elegant Standard Antique Oak, 4 ft. 6 in. Roll Curtain Desk, complete in every detail, F. O. B. St. Louis for $21, and 5 ft. same style and finish, for $25 net, spot cash. See their card in this issue. Send your order direct or send for special circular. Bank counters and government work a specialty. Send in your fl or plans for designs and prices.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look and if your Kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Sold at A. Wadsworth's Drugstore, 50 cents a bottle.

WINTON, N. C., July 26—Last night at 9 o'clock the town was thrown into a state of excitement by the announced suicide of John Lewis, a young white man, who went deliberately to the river and plunged himself into the waves without warning, leaving nothing behind to trace a cause for the dastardly deed. He has been in the habit of going in bathing frequently in the evenings and at the time was confined to his room with fever. It is presumed by some that he was delirious.

The Asheville *Citizen* says: George Murphy, 102 years of age, of Burke county, has just filed his application as a pensioner of the war of 1812. He said that until a very recent date he did not need aid and was healthy, and adds that he is only now beginning to feel his great age.

One dollar a year will cover your doctor's bill if you take Simmons Invigorator.

Charles Blackburn was hanged for murder at Greensboro on Thursday week.

Noah Gibbs, a white man from Hyde County, while intoxicated, was arrested on 22nd, ult. and placed in the city lock-up. On Saturday morning the man was found in an unconscious condition. Dr. Nicholson was summoned and employed the usual remedies for his relief, and it was thought Gibbs would recover. He did regain consciousness in the afternoon, but it was evident that he was suffering intensely, and at 6:30 o'clock he had a convulsion and suddenly expired. A jury of inquest was held, and a post mortem examination revealed the fact that death was caused by paralysis of the heart, superinduced by whiskey, and the jury returned a verdict accordingly.—*Washington Gazette.*

Drunkenness and the craving for liquor banished by a dose of Simmons Regulator.

Governor Holt has offered $200 reward for Robert L. James in Madison county for murder.

Belief that you "can't be cured" is a symptom of dyspepsia. Take Simmons Regulator.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County.
In the Superior Court.

John F. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Harvey Terry and wife, Timothy Ely and wife Hannah:

The defendants, Harvey Terry, and wife and Timothy Ely and wife Hannah, will take notice, that the plaintiff John F. Davis has commenced a an action against them to compel the execution of a deed for one-half of the "Great Park Estate," and thirteen hundred acres in addition to said one half, pursuant to the terms of an agreement made and entered into about April 22nd, 1891 and of record in Pasquotank County. And the said defendants will further take notice, that they are required to be and appear at the next term of Superior Court for the County of Pasquotank, to be holden at Elizabeth City on the 3rd Monday of September, 1892, then and there to answer or demur to the complaint then to be filed, and see proceedings, or judgment will be given for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated at office of Clerk of Superior Court for the County of Pasquotank at Elizabeth City, this the 1st day of August, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Wm. J. Griffin, Clerk Superior Court,
Att'y, for pl'ff. Pasquotank Co.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE, Washington, D. C., July 25, 1892. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M., of Wednesday, the 21st day of August, 1892 to furnish and deliver at the False Cape Life-Saving Station coast of Virginia, and the Whale's Head, Paul Gamiter's Hill, Nag's Head, Pea Island, Chicamico, Big Kinnakeet, Cape Hatteras, Durants, Ocracoke, and Cape Lookout Life Saving Stations, coast of North Carolina, each, 7,000 pounds best first-growth timothy hay; 2,000 pounds best wheat straw (threshed); 5,000 pounds shelled corn, white, No 2; and 3,000 pounds of barley-clipped oats. All grain to be of the best merchantable feed grain, well filled, free from chaff, dirt or other impurities and put up in well sewed new sacks which are to become the property of the Government without additional cost. Proposals may be made for all of the articles required, or for one or more items, but bids for less than the full quantity of any one item will not be considered. The price paid for by the hundred pounds on all articles. One-half of the quantity of forage for each station must be delivered on or before December 1, 1892, and the other half on or before April 1, 1893. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $100, drawn to the order of the Secretary of the Treasury, as security that the bidder will enter into contract without delay, and give such bonds for the faithful performance thereof as may be required, if his bid be accepted. Certified checks will be returned within two weeks to the unsuccessful bidders and the check of the successful bidder after his contract and bond shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. Envelopes containing proposals should be endorsed "Proposals to furnish Forage." The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and to waive defects. S. I. KIMBALL, General Superintendent.

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Will open its Fifteenth annual term on Monday, September 19, 1892.

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E. R. JENNIGAN, Editor.

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SEASON OF 1892.

The Steamer "Clarence," new and elegantly equipped, will make regular trips until about the 15th of September. An entire change has been made in the management of the Hotel. The services of an EXPERIENCED CATERER, A FIRST CLASS HOTEL COOK AND WELL TRAINED WAITERS have been secured. A lady of refinement and experience has accepted the position of Matron. Trains will make frequent trips from the Hotel to the Ocean. There will be accommodations for horses of guests of the Hotel.

THE BAR

will be carefully stocked with pure wines and liquors, and will be under the management of a scientific and expert attendant. Every effort will be made to add to the pleasure and promote the happiness of the guests.

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OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS

STOCK: THE VERY BEST.

STYLE: HANDSOME AS ANY TEN-CENT CIGAR.

PRICE: FIVE FOR TEN CENTS.

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W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

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See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.

Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

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Scholarships and loans are available for needy young men of talent and character. The next session opens Sept. 15. For catalogue and full information, address PRESIDENT WINSTON, at Chapel Hill, N. C.

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Mr. Bert Marchbanks, Druggist, Sparta, Tenn., informs us that a case of scrofulous sore eyes was cured by taking three large bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.

Price, 50c and $1.

Treatise on Liver and Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co.,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

NO CURE NO PAY

ON RECEIPT OF 60 CENTS WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF

TETTERINE!

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR

Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.

If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.

Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.

MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results.—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.

J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.
SAVANNAH, GA.

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, as occurs in the ordinary roaster, but acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven; the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:

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is warranted the Best in the World. Is more WATERPROOF, Is STRONGER, and WILL WEAR LONGER than any other goods manufactured. Ask for the "FISH BRAND" take no other. A. J. TOWER & BRO., Sole Agents, Baltimore, Md.

$21. $23.

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GREATEST VALUE ON EARTH
Tyler's Famous Antique Oak Roll Curtain Desk, complete, our special circulars.
No. 1004, 3 ft. 6 in. long, net $16.00
No. 1009, 4 ft. 6 in. " " 21.00
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Also see new 180 page catalogue for 1892. Great cut of about 40 per cent. from former cat. BOOKS FREE, postage 10c. Ship from St. Louis, or deliver free. BANK COUNTERS A SPECIALTY. We refer to every Bank in Thirty States. TYLER DESK CO., St. Louis, Mo.

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BY COOKING YOUR FEED!

BE progressive, inform yourself, investigate what we claim. If it is true you want to avail yourself of it. Hundreds of farmers and stock-feeders testify to its great merits.

SAVE EXPENSE OF GRINDING
MAKES TWICE THE FAT
FEEDS DOUBLE THE STOCK,
SAVES Two Dollars every time the contents are cooked and fed out.

CIRCULARS, FULL INFORMATION AND POINTS TO STOCK-FEEDERS FREE.

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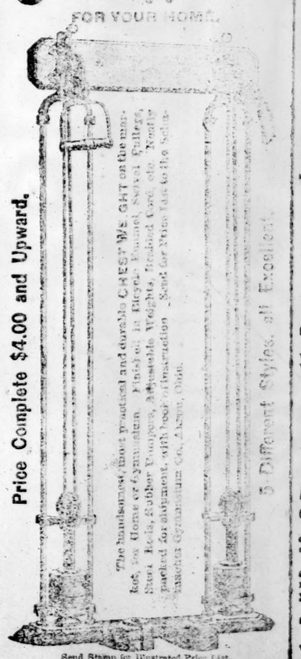

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ARIEL CYCLE MFG. CO., GOSHEN, IND.

Wash your face,
Wash your hands,
Wash your head,
Wash your beard,
Wash babies heads,
Wash out stains,
Wash away dandruff,
Wash away pimples,
Wash away freckles,
Wash yourself with
KO-KO JELLY Toilet Soap
For Pure White Skin.

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GURNEY PATENT REFRIGERATOR.

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WARRANTED 5 YEARS

Has a Four-Motion Feed.
Has a Vertical Needle.
Has a Self-Setting Needle.
Has an Equal Tension Device.
Has a Handsome Appearance.
Has a Reversible Feed.
Has a Perfect Stitch.
Has Stylish Furniture.
Has Many Good Sewing Qualities and does a Larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World.

Examine THE ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.

ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

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NATURE'S CURE FOR CATARRH

EXTRACT MEXICAN CACTUS.

This new treatment for Catarrh and diseases of the respiratory organs is one of the most important discoveries of medical science and possesses the following important

It is believed can cure himself at a small expense by the use of this remedy. No interference from business or pursuit of life is necessary during treatment.

In no way alarming to the system, and the cost of the treatment is trifling compared with the benefits derived. Can be had of druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price, $2.00.

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PROF. A. L. METZ, P. H. D.,

of Medical Department Tulane University of Louisiana, who, after a careful analysis, pronounces it a pure Cream Tartar Powder, which he cheerfully recommends to the public.

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PURE, WHOLESOME AND POWERFUL.

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PURE READY ROOFING.

Not Ill Weather Boards,
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Corrugated Sheeting,
Roofing Paints,
Iron Roofing,
Eave Troughs, Gutters and Spouting.
All forms of Sheet Metal for Building
(COMPLETE AND READY TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)

WE WANT AN AGENT

in Chatham—an energetic workman to take order, and APPLY our materials in 1893 method.

Correspondence solicited; write for prices and terms.

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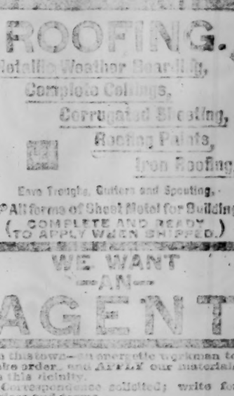

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GREAT FIRE PRECAUTION A NECESSITY

In the Factory, Machine Shop, Foundry, Planing Mill, Elevator or anywhere and any place where oily waste is used, Fire Risks may be greatly reduced by the use of the Silk Waste Can for the purpose over its inventor.

SEND FOR PRICES AT ONCE.

Frank E. Fitts Mfg. & Supply Co.,
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POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

THREE MONTHS

PURE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING.

THREE MONTHS

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GILBERT LOGGING ENGINE FOR ALL DUTIES.

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UNEQUALED

ON rough roads, heavy grades, and short curves. Built any gauge, for any service, to burn coal or wood and for either wood or iron rails. Runs with slight friction on either engine or rail, saves repairs, gives satisfaction under conditions where others fail.

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ALL IN ONE INVALID CHAIR, COT AND HAMMOCK.

For the Camp, Lawn, Veranda, Parlor, Office and Library. ALWAYS IN PLACE.

For rest automatically as will of occupant in any position; a slight effort of the hand will keep it swinging.

The head, back, limbs and feet are all supported, giving perfect comfort and rest. Ask your furniture dealer to show you a sample.

It is easily folded and occupies very small space.

TO INTRODUCE THIS CHAIR, we will sell one direct to you for $8.00.

KENNEDY, BENNETT & CO.
MANSFIELD, O.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I have never found anything to equal it, and have never been disappointed in its perfect performance. It cannot be almost a specific for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

W. J. McMINN, Macon, Ga.

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THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Clover Commissioners—W. C. Davis, Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, B. L. Banks and W. G. Underwood, Clerk—E. N. Underwood. Treasurer—D. R. Pritchard. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Grime. Street Commissioner—W. D. Barnes. Fire Commissioners—C. R. Kramer and T. S. White.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John Postmaster—S. Gorham.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Grime and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. R. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. W. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. ——— Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. R. H. Johnston, Pastor. Catholic—Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Congregational—Elder Z. B. Terry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Grime, W. M.; D. E. Bradford Sec'y, and C. S. Ward, Tr'easurer.

Oddfellows: Archer Lodge, No. 14—B. L. Banks, N. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sawyer, Treas.

Royal Arcanum: Creek Council, No. [illegible]—Regent, C. L. Riggan; Vice Regent, Wilson Trevathan; Secretary, F. M. Cook; Treasurer, [illegible]

American Legion of Honor: [illegible] Secretary, G. W. Grice; Treasurer, [illegible]

Knights of Pythias: [illegible] Eagle, Dictator; J. H. Bray, [illegible] J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—A. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. E. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners—C. A. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Lloyd Whitehurst, Rufus Smith, M. W. Burgess, Sheriff; Thos. P. Wilson, Superior Court Clerk; John P. Overman, Register of Deeds; B. Campbell, Coroner; Geo. W. Cobb, Board of Education; Dr. Griffin, R. B. Cooke, Superintendent of Schools, Lasker.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Attorney-at-Law,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Collections promptly made. Will practice in all the Courts.

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Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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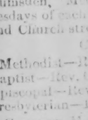
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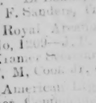
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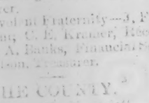
COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.
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Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.
OPP. SITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D. C.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, Aug't 3, 1892.

—The peanuts are growing.

—The old "organ" is on a rampage.

—The cotton has improved during the past ten days.

—The Bourbon batteries are now being turned on Col. Harry Skinner.

—The Democratic party is not a party of progress. It has become a party of dead issues and abuse.

—The Democratic Senatorial Convention will be held at Hertford on the 16th inst.

—It is predicted that Mr. Branch will be renominated at the Edenton Convention on the 9th. And why not? Didn't he stand by the democratic guns in Congress?

—Alliance men, and members of the Peoples' Party! when the slang-mongers of the Democratic press use to malign and slander Republicans, some of you rather enjoyed it. Now that they are abusing you, how do you like it?

—While others are breaking themselves to "shady nooks and babbling brooks," to the seashore and to the mountains, where they can rest and dream while the "dog star rages," and come back refreshed in body and mind, the editor's work keeps him at the post of duty, bubble the mercury ever so high.

—From the Rapid City, South Dakota, *Republican* of the 27th ult., we clip the following notice of an argument in a cause by our former townsman W. O. Temple, esq:

"Mr. Temple's argument was a most able, forcible and exhaustive one, a speech which betrayed the close student at every point."

—The CAROLINIAN has this to say to "A Young Voter." There is no such thing as a "force bill" or any reference to it in the Republican National platform. There is simply a plain, straightforward demand for an honest ballot and a fair count. What conscientious man in the country dares to say that is opposed to this? All the talk of negro supremacy is rot. The Federal Congress cannot interfere with State or Municipal authority. It is impossible by act of Congress to interfere with local or State control of domestic affairs.

—The Convention of the Pasquotank Democrats on Saturday was a tame and spiritless affair. The attendance was the smallest ever known. The Alliance members of the party did not participate in the primaries and of course were conspicuously absent from the Convention. So the Bourbon moss backs had things harmoniously their own way. "Straight out" delegates to the District Conventions were appointed, but "the nomination of a county ticket," as ordered in Chairman Lamb's call, was not made. John W. Albertson Jr. was elected County Chairman.

—An intelligent member of the Peoples' Party, hitherto an active Democrat, in speaking of the abuse of the Democratic press the other day, said: "The Democratic bosses and editors have so long whipped their followers into line when they dared show any independance that they think they can do it again. All that was necessary heretofore was to flaunt the "bloody shirt," cry "negro rule" and "force bill"; but these methods have lost their effect. The bloody shirt has become threadbare and frayed out on the tails, and the thinking people are no longer afraid of negro rule. It won't work."

—The CAROLINIAN is anxious to have the electoral vote of North Carolina cast for President Harrison, and it believes that if the campaign in the State is made to deal exclusively with National questions, leaving to the individual membership of the party absolute freedom as to their action in the local and State elections, it can be done. It cannot be denied that the great mass of our white people are dragooned into politics which are really harmful to our section by the scare crow of "negro supremacy." The success of the National Republican ticket, carrying with it the maintenance of the American policy of Protection and Reciprocity, is especially important to the practical welfare of our State. If the Republicans make no contest for control in State affairs, it will render of no effect the Bourbon charge that Republican supremacy in the Nation means "negro supremacy" in North Carolina; and a large number of our people who are interested and engaged in business, and who realize and admit that more has been accomplished for the best interest of the agriculturist by opening up new lines of foreign demand for our products and in improving the general credit of the Government and the safety of financial operations than during any previous four years, will feel compelled to vote in favor of a continuance of the excellent Administration of President Harrison.

—True love never wears out, but it sometimes makes others tired.

—There is always room for a man of force, and he makes room for many.

—The seaside butterfly is in the swim and the hammock girl is having her full swing.

—Ice Cream Freezers, all sizes at Robinson Co's

—Ignorance in the midst of the refinements of society, is one of the most hateful of all mixtures.

—A newly repaired Store now occupied by J. Y. Old & Son for rent or lease, apply to Robinson & Co.

—Individuality is everywhere to be spared and respected as the root of everything good.

—HALF PRICE! Ladies $1 lace serge shoes at 75c. and Ladies' $1.50 and $1.75 Button Fox Serge shoes at 75c. at Fowler & Cos.

—Attention is called to the proposals for Forage for the Life-Saving Stations of this District.

—The Dismal Swamp Canal was purchased last week by a party that will improve it.

—The wild waves at the seashore are not saying much just now. The female surf bathers have the bulge on them.

—No. 1 Timothy and Clover Hay at Robinson & Co.

—Don't kill the birds, even if they do take some fruit. They destroy the insects, which not only ruin the fruit but injure the tree as well.

—Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

—Speak of a man's marble brow and he will be raised to the skies, but remark that he has a wooden head and the chances are that he will raise you to the skies.

—If you are in want of any Crockery or Glassware Robinson & Co's is the place to get it.

—The science of agriculture is in a great degree founded on experience. It is therefore of consequence that every farmer should know what has been done and what is doing by others engaged in the same occupation, and that he should impart to others the fruits of his own experiments and observations.

—The New Steamer for Nags Head has arrived, but the new Bathing suits shipped to Fowler & Co., arrived one week before the Steamer, Prices 75c, $1.25 and $2.50 per suit.

—"A Constant Reader" asks the CAROLINIAN what is meant by home rule as applied to Irish politics? Home rule is the political principle or programme in accordance with which a city, province or state, or any other component part of a country, enjoys self-government in its internal affairs. In British politics it is specifically used in favor of self-government in Ireland, begun under that name in 1790, the agency of a national parliament.

—WANTED. 20,000 ladies to look at the large assortment of white and black summer dress goods at Fowler & Co's New styles, reasonable prices.

—The CAROLINIAN agrees with State Commissioner Robinson that every farmer should be a specialist of some kind. That is, while he ought to be able to do all kinds of farming fairly well, he should strive to do some one thing especially well, Let this be fruit growing, bee raising, stock raising, corn or wheat culture, or whatever branch of farming he may prefer, He will make his biggest profit on his specialty, but have his other branches to feed it and be a stop-gap in the years when there may be a failure or unprofitable prices in his specialty.

—California Peaches, Apricots, white and black Cherries, Green Gage & Honey, French Soups, French Peas, Imported Pickles, Roast Turkey, Roast Chicken, Lunch Tongue, Chipped Beef, Potted Meats, &c, at Robinson & Co

LOCAL MENTION

The humidity and torridity of the past week beat the record.—The Water street merchants have put on a sprinkler to keep down the dust.—Miss Mathews, of Norfolk, is visiting Miss Lulu Cherry, on upper Main street.—Mr. Charles R. Bell, of Baltimore, arrived on Thursday evening. A special attraction here.—Campaign badges are ready, but campaign badgering will come later.—Some cheap perfumes are not to be sniffed at.—Mr. John Waters, of Cattawissa, Pa., is visiting his uncle Capt. Samuel Waters, This is his first trip to the "sunny South."—If young men were not fools girls would not be flirts.—The Versifier gets off the following:

'Tis all very well to be patient while
Your affairs are going awry,
But 'tis very hard to laugh or smile
As you slap at a summer fly.

—Our popular townsman, Dr. Julien E. Woon, Colonel of the First Regiment, has not resigned, as was rumored, nor will he do so.—Mosquitoes carry no cash, but bank upon their bills receivable.—When a young man calls his sweetheart "dear," two interpretations may be made, particularly if the girl is a modern one.—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, pastor of the Baptist Church, has accepted a call from the West Washington street Baptist Church of Greensboro. He will deliver his last sermon to the congregation here on Sunday week, the 14th inst.—A dentist may be a jolly fellow to outsiders, but he has a way of looking down in the mouth that is striking.—The complaint of some of our denizens the past few weeks has been:

We pass our time just now in sighs,
For life is full of litters;
All day we're pestered by the flies,
All night by the mosquitoes.

—In the gale on Saturday evening the Sloop "Mary J Forshay" was capsized a few miles down the river, with seven persons on board. They were rescued by the Schooner "Elkanah Payne," which was fortunately near.—A colored man named Henry Perry was drowned in the Jones Mill pond on Saturdry evening while in bathing.—A cause of embarrassment in religious circles is that it is too late for the strawberry, and too early for the oyster.—A perspiring Rondstreeter was heard to exclaim the other day, "If the caloric continues to increase all the thermometers in town will be broken.—The steam tug "Nellie," belonging to the "Union Lumber Company," has been launched from Capt. Snell's Ways. It's a daisy.—Persistency is a great virtue, but it is hard to admire it in a fly.—In the swim, bathing suits at the seaside.—Said a Second Ward epicure, "Talk of your good dinners! I ate one today that was a perfect poem." "What did you have?" was the inquiry;

"Nice stewed lamb
And boiled ham,"

It made several mouths water!—One solid reason why there is a continually increasing demand for the beverages put up at the Bottling Works of Samuel Waters & Sons is that they are absolutely pure and scrupulously clean.—Prof. S. L. Sheep and children, who have been spending several weeks visiting at his old home in Pennsylvania, have returned.—Contractor Kramer has workmen busy on Aydlett's large dwelling house on Main street, and Melick's new store Water street.—Mr. J. W. Dunn has moved into his neat new house on Greene street.—The erection of buildings at Fairville has begun.—Contractor Dozier is well on with the handsome new residence of Mr. John L. Sawyer, on upper Main street.—The favorable weather, co-operating with the diligent and judicious operations of Superintendent Barnes, have very much improved the streets.—The rooster does the crowing, but the hen lays the eggs.—See Court notice.—Mr. J. H. M. Butler, who has been conducting a colored Teachers' Institute at Hamilton, returned on on Saturday.—Because of the excessive hot weather, Mr. Fowler has shut down his Net and Seine Factory for ten days.—Miss Eliose Prichard has returned, accompanied by her friend Miss Eliza Midgett, of Plymouth.—Mr. Carroll C. Poo, who has been on a visit to his parents and friends, returned on Monday back to Lynchburg, Va.—

Let every man, do what he can
To push things up instead of down.
Twill help us all, both great and small,
As we improve and build the town.

—Old Sol put in some of his hottest work last week and for eight long days kept the mercury away up in the nineties, some of the time as high as 98 in the shade, making sweltering humanity feel the ice man to be a public benefactor.—No electric lights yet. Still delayed because of non-arrival of the balance of wire needed. Why wasn't it ordered in time? Who is managing the Company, anyway?—The County Commissioners, at their meeting on Monday, divided Elizabeth City into five election precincts.—Mr. Cha's H. Robinson advertises a store room for rent or lease.—Mr. M. Makely, of Newberne, was in the City yesterday, and gave the CAROLINIAN a social call. Always glad to see him.—Mrs F. M. Cook returned, and Mrs L. E. Chapman left yesterday on a few weeks visit to New York.

Windsor *Ledger*: News reached here Monday that Mr. Monroe Butler, who lived about three miles from town, committed suicide early that morning by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. He had been sick some time and it is supposed that he became despondent over that and the bad crop prospect. Mr. Butler was about 62 years of age.

Pleasant in taste and readily taken is Simmons Liver Invigorator. It is a cure for heart burn.

The *Concord Standard* says seven of the Democratic delegates to the recent convention in Raleigh, from Cabarrus county have come out for the Peoples' Party. All, or nearly all, of the delegates from Franklin county are now Peoples' Party men.

The *Union Republican* is authority for the statement that a lady 90 years of age died in Forsyth county recently and her burial shroud was her wedding dress worn on that happy occasion seventy years prior to her demise.

"The wicked flee when no man pursueth." These force bill calamity howlers must be the fellows for whom that was intended.—*Progressive Farmer.*

Three-fourths of your ailments arise from liver troubles which Simmon's Liver Invigorator.

Two Mormon elders are said to be expounding their doctrines in Davidson county.

Governor Holt has offered $200 reward for Grant Morsey, who is wanted for murder in Haywood county.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Adlai Was "Loaded."

A reporter states that at the banquet after the notification meeting in New York Adlai E. Stephenson, the Democratic nominee for Vice President, came down the steps in a decidedly uncertain manner, his slower limbs vibrating a good deal like those of a man who was experiencing an earthquake of frequent and repeated shocks.

A Democrat who stood on the sidewalk made this unsaintable exclamation as Stevenson stepped into a carriage:

"He's loaded."

Hopeless, Not Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, rough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could not live but a short time I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me, and thank God I am now well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drugstore. Large size 50 cents.

Raleigh ——— The revenue officials ——— will be an unusual ——— whiskey ——— corn ——— Accordingly, ——— notice ——— to receive ——— bids ——— Agreeably ——— I will send free ——— charge, to all who desire it, this ——— in German, French or English ——— full directions for preparing ——— using. Send by mail by address ——— stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Want of Nerve-tone, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

STORE FOR RENT OR LEASE.

The Store, 25x80 feet, fitted up for Dry Goods, now occupied by Sidomsky, is for Rent or Lease. Apply to

CHAS H. ROBINSON.

Aug. 2, 1892.

INSURANCE!
Agents Wanted.

THE NATIONAL CAPITOL LIFE ASSOCIATION offers special inducements to all who want insurance.

Call and examine or write for our Plan and Tariff before insuring elsewhere. We can assuredly please you.

A live local Agent wanted in every county in North Carolina. Apply to the undersigned at Columbia, N. C.

Arthur Spruill,
Executive Special Agent for the State of North Carolina.

[illegible]

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,

because the higher they rise in society the weaker they find themselves bodily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills of womankind successfully. If your druggist has not got it he will order it for you for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken

16-1 yr.

IF YOU'RE BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing
It is general debility
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in the line.

FREE
FREE
FREE
Gold Watches, Solid Silver Watches, Chains, Lockets, Rings, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Scarf Pins, Charms, Gold Thimbles, Gold Pens, Pencils, Silverware, Musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Guns, Pistols, Bicycles, Cameras, Magic Lanterns, Printing Presses, Type, Boats, Tents, Safes, Scales, Harness, Saddles, Organs, Pianos, Etc., Etc.
Over 1,000 Articles Given Away Free.
Every one who sends us 10 cents in silver or stamps, to pay postage and packing, will receive free, a sample box of goods of large value, which will start them in work that will bring them in more money right away than anything else in this world. Both sexes, all ages. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All is new. Great pay sure from the first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Address at once, TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

On and after Sunday, June 26th, 1892.

Schedule in Effect June 26th, 1892.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, connecting daily except Sunday, leave Elizabeth City at 7 A. M., also 6:00 P. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M. Northbound, daily except Sunday, leave Elizabeth City at 2:00 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M. Arrive at Norfolk 9:50 A. M. and 6:00 P. M. Close connections at Norfolk with all Railroad and Steamboat lines. Also at Norfolk with steamers for Washington, Baltimore, Old Point and Intermediate Rivers. Transfer steamer to Norfolk, Portsmouth and Belle Haven connecting with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Shady Grove, South Creek, &c.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Skedaddle leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Somerton, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Edenton Islands going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Intermediate points.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Transportation as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. C. & N. R. R., Freedom Street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Rock Hill Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier [illegible] North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harper, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Freight Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad.

H. G. HUDGINS, Gen'l Pass. & Frt. Agt.

North and North Carolina
CANAL COMPANY.
W. GARY, Superintendent.

The North Carolina Canal will admit vessels drawing five feet of water. Vessels drawing more than five feet must not enter the Canal without a pilot. Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

ENGINES, SAW MILLS
THRESHING MACHINES
Best Machinery at Lowest Prices
A. B. FARQUHAR,
York, Pa
51-12.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
O. W. Price & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights Free Bus.

TERMS.—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests. Table well supplied. Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE.
EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the travelling public.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when Desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

P. EWELL,
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler

Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.

SEE SIGN BIGWATCH,
Water St, (next door to Overman's cor)
Elizabeth City, N. C.
10 Years Experience at Bench

AT COST!

R. SALOMONSKY

Will from this date until September 1st, 1892, sell all his surplus stock at and below cost, in order that he may go into his

NEW STORE,

with a FRESH CLEAN STOCK from one end to the other These goods are all first-class in every particular and among other things embraces the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS &c., in the city These goods will not be carried to our new quarters and must be sold if low prices will sell them. New BARGAINS EVERY DAY. The sale begins to-day and will continue until the first of September at our old stand on Water Street.

R. SALOMONSKY.

AT COST

There is no Sleight of Hand,

by means of which we have been able to keep up the prices and class of goods we are doing. It is managed by the way the public patronize us.

FOUR THINGS AT ONCE

are possible if they work together. Our trade is simply drawn by four horses—four good strong horses—instead of one wretched screw or some ill matched pair. And as we understand thoroughly how to drive the team they

Make It

possible for us to make good time along the road of trade. The four corner-stones of our house are

Best Goods, Honest Dealing,
Low Prices, Large Stock.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queens ware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plastering Hair, Shingles, &c &c.

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

ELIZABETH CITY
CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT
Wholesale and Retail,

Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.

Nothing equal to it for the counter

Or for Fish Oysters, &c.

Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISS

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years, and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandler Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.

I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of

Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES. Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low.

If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me

P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

LATER NEWS.

THE Inman line steamer City of Paris, which flies the American flag, smashed all records on her late trip from Liverpool to New York, and is now Queen of the Ocean. She accomplished the run in the marvelous time of five days, fifteen hours and fifty-eight minutes, beating the best previous record by thirty-three minutes, which was held by the White Star steamer Teutonic.

AT Wilkesbarre, Penn., Alexander Eggleston shot and killed his wife and then fatally shot himself through the head. Eggleston had been a very hard drinker, and six weeks before his wife left him, taking her eight children.

FRANK MOLLICK, the alleged accomplice of the Anarchist, Berkman, who shot Frick, was forcibly taken from Long Branch, N. J., to Pittsburg before his lawyers could serve a writ of habeas corpus.

A PLOT to blow up the Carnegie mills in Pittsburg, by an explosion of natural gas, was accidentally discovered in time to prevent great destruction of life and property. It is believed to have been the work of Anarchists.

EXPERT accountants who have been examining the books in the Treasurer's office in Dakota County, Nebraska, have completed their work, and report that ex-Treasurer Wilkenson is $13,400 short.

BODIE, the largest town in Mono County, California, has been wiped out by fire. The fire burned up the entire business part of the town, only one store escaping. Over fifty stores were destroyed and many dwelling houses. The loss is about $200,000, with small insurance.

THE West Virginia Democratic State Convention met at Parkersburg, W. Va., with 1200 delegates present. A. McCorkle was nominated for Governor.

A STEAM engine boiler, used with a wheat thrashing machine near Kyle's Station, Butler County, Ohio, burst. Ambrose Alexander and Perry Holden were killed, and George Wiley, Edward Taylor, William Shark and John Kyle were painfully wounded. The barn was set on fire and burned to the ground, with about $2000 worth of grain and farming implements.

IN the House of Representatives, a vote on the proposition to appropriate $5,000,000 for the World's Fair at Chicago, resulted 117 ayes; 105 nays.

THE Senate in executive session confirmed the following nominations: A. Barton Hepburn, of New York, Controller of the Currency; Watson R. Sperry, of Delaware, Minister and Consul-General to Persia; Truxton Beale, of California, Minister and Consul-General to Roumania, Servia and Greece.

THE President nominated Watson R. Sperry, of Delaware, to be Minister Resident and Consul-General of the United States to Persia. He is editor of the Wilmington News.

THE Secretary of the Treasury instructed customs officers to deny admission to rags exported from France during the prevalence of the cholera epidemic. He also directed collectors of customs along the Atlantic seaboard to prohibit the landing of immigrants from France.

IN view of the cholera in certain parts of Russia all the schools under the control of the Holy Synod have been closed.

THE Chief of Police of Long Branch, N. J., was arrested for permitting Frank Mollick, the Anarchist, to be taken out of the State of New Jersey without extradition papers.

GEORGE K. SISTARE, the well-known broker, committed suicide in the Manhattan Club, New York City.

THE Crane Chemical Works, at Springfield, N. J., blew up, and several of the buildings which composed the plant were shattered. A number of houses in the vicinity were blown down and a number of people slightly injured. The shock was tremendous, the vibrations being plainly felt in Orange, four miles from the scene of the explosion.

GENERAL SNOWDEN, in command of the Pennsylvania militia, left Homestead with a large portion of his staff.

A BOILER in the shingle mill of Hartnell & Smith, on Otsego Lake, Mich., blew up, killing four men, fatally injuring another and demolishing the mill.

THE Michigan Supreme Court has declared the recent Reapportionment act unconstitutional.

MRS. ROBERT MORELL, an old woman, living ten miles from Hillsboro, Ill., was stung on the back of the neck by a bee and died from the effects in thirty minutes.

THE Colorado People's Party State Convention met at Denver and nominated a full ticket headed by Julius Thompson for Governor.

A DESPERATE fight occurred at Flat Rock, Ky., between Deputy Sheriff Grant Sellers and John Coffey, in which both were killed.

THE Committee on Territories was instructed to visit (during the recess) the Territories of New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Oklahoma to inquire into their resources, population, etc., and as to the propriety of their being admitted as States.

THE President approved the act granting pensions to the survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, known as the Black Hawk, Creek, Cherokee and Seminole wars.

A RECOUNT in Scotland reduces Gladstone's majority in the British Parliament to forty.

SHOT BY A HORSE THIEF.

Two Deputies Killed While Trying to Capture a Kentucky Freebooter.

In Montgomery County, Kentucky, early a few mornings since, Kavanaugh Tipton, the jailer of the county; Thomas Howard, a constable, and George Rayburn, a member of the posse, were shot by John Sherrell, a horse thief. Tipton and Howard were killed and Rayburn mortally injured. Last week Sherrell stole a horse from a man who lives near the foot of the big hill in Madison County. Kavanaugh Tipton learned that Sherrell had gone to Montgomery County, and he located him at the house of George Pipps, near the Menifee line. He took Constable Tom Howard, George Rayburn, and two other men with him and started for the Pipps house.

They arrived there about 2 o'clock in the morning. Tipton led the way into the house. A voice from one of the rooms, which he recognized as that of Pipps, asked: "Who is that, and what do you want?"

"Kavanaugh Tipton," replied the jailer, "and I am out electioneering."

"All right, I'll get up and light the lamp," said Pipps. He arose, and coming toward Tipton struck a match. As he did so Tipton asked him who the man was that was in bed with him. Before Pipps could reply Sherrell fired his pistol from the bed and shot Tipton through the head. He fell without a groan. A second shot killed Tom Howard.

By this time George Rayburn had entered the room, and before he could shoot in the direction of Sherrell the latter shot him through the arm. Then Sherrell dashed out of the door and disappeared in the darkness. Rayburn followed him, but two bulldogs attacked him, inflicting fatal injuries.

PAYS TO BE A PROPHET.

Young Sitting Bull's Rich Haul in the Indian Territory.

Sitting Bull, Jr., of the Cheyenne tribe in Northern Dakota, who went among the Indians of the Indian Territory a year ago as the prophet of the coming Messiah, has just left the Comanche tribe to return to his Northern home. The Comanches gave a tribe dance in his honor before he left.

Young Bull has found the prophet business very profitable. He was presented with 100 horses, 600 head of cattle and nearly a carload of blankets and costly trousers. He married two of the Comanche girls, although already having four wives in North Dakota.

KILLED WIFE AND DAUGHTER

A Tennessee Farmer Lynched for His Cruel Double Murder.

The Couple Quarreled Over Their Little Farm.

John H. Wynne, a prosperous farmer, was lynched at Brown's, in Dickson County, Tenn., a few days since, for the murder of his wife and his fifteen-year-old stepdaughter. The crime was one of the most shocking ever committed in that State.

The double murder by Wynne was committed the night before. The weapon used was an axe, and the tragedy was believed to have been caused by a dispute between man and wife over the management of their farm.

Wynne had been married twice. He wedded for the second time about three years ago the widow of John Anderson, who left a nice farm and considerable other property. It is stated that Mrs. Wynne insisted on managing her property herself, and declined to turn it over to Wynne.

As there was no one present at the time of the murder except Wynne and his little boy, who was in the next room, the true story of the murder will never be known.

It is thought, however, that Mr. and Mrs. Wynne quarreled over the farm. At the time of the murder Mrs. Wynne and her daughter were in bed.

Wynne first assaulted his wife with the axe, striking her as she lay asleep. The first blow cut through her jawbone to the neck.

As the startled woman rose in bed the murderer raised the axe and drove the sharp blade into her head. It sank to the collar-bone, bisecting one ear and literally splitting her head wide open.

Wynne then turned upon his stepdaughter with the same deadly weapon, and it is thought that she threw her hand to her head for protection, as three of her fingers were severed. She also received two blows, not, however, as forcible as those given Mrs. Wynne. Both blows, however, split the girl's skull. She lived until next morning.

After Wynne had cut down his wife and daughter he put out the lights in the house, locked it up and went to his son's home, near Colesburg, two miles away, where he told of his crime and then attempted suicide, making an ugly gash in his neck with a knife. His son took the knife away from him and then, with neighbors, went to investigate the story.

They found the victims as Wynne had stated in great pools of blood. The walls of the room were spattered with blood. Wynne was guarded until morning, when he was arrested by officers from Dickson and started to jail. They were intercepted by a mob and Wynne was hanged to a tree on the roadside about noon. He made no statement.

FATAL FIRE DAMP.

The York Farm (Penn.) Colliery Shaken by a Terrible Explosion.

There was a terrible explosion of gas at the York Farm (Penn.) colliery in No. 1 breast of the West Salem gangway, a few mornings ago, killing sixteen men and badly injuring five others.

Not one of the men working in the vicinity survived to tell the tale of the disaster, excepting Llewellyn, the man who first noticed the presence of gas and the unusual running of coal, and who, by strictly complying with safety rules, had gone to inform the fire boss of these unusual undertakings.

The first intimation that those working on the surface had of the explosion in the mine was a dull rumbling and shaking of the earth, followed by a cloud of dust which forced itself out of the fan house located on the hillside on the York Yorkville. The outside workmen collected about the mouth of the slope and anxiously awaited the news from the inside.

A few minutes after the explosion a car containing most of the men who had escaped serious injury was hoisted to the surface.

Boss Lockie soon organized a rescuing forces and the search for those who had been injured was begun. In fifteen minutes the car was again hoisted to the surface, containing all the injured men who could be found at that time. The others were reported buried beneath a heap of debris, and it was not then known how soon their bodies could be removed.

The colliery near the mouth of the slope was soon crowded with people. Mothers, wives and brothers with tearful faces hurried there, inquiring for tidings of the disaster and the fate of relatives. Some were nearly frantic with grief and would have run down the slope had not the watchmen held them back.

The first of the bodies were brought to the surface about one o'clock. They were those of William Seyman, Thomas Jones, George Greiss, Hermann Werner and Anthony Butlavish. They were wrapped from head to foot in heavy tar cloth and the name of each man was written across his shroud in chalk. The bodies were carried to the oil house and laid upon the benches. It was not until the bodies of the five dead miners had been recovered that there could be anything learned as to the cause of the explosion.

The West Salem gangway, in which the men were working, is a new one and had been driven about sixty yards when the explosion came. Almost every man made a rush for the foot of the slope. It was all over in a moment. Those who had not the presence of mind to throw themselves on the ground were caught in the burning gas as it rushed onward, receiving injuries more or less severe.

When the rescuing forces reached the gangway after the explosion they found men stretched lifeless upon the floor of the gangway and others writhing in fearful agony. Most of the timbering had been torn loose, letting down the loose rock and dirt in several places, almost blocking the gangway.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE Pope can speak English, German and French perfectly.

EUGENE KELLY, the New York banker, has been decorated by the Pope.

PRINCE BISMARCK says he never knew the cause of his dismissal from office.

SENATOR PEFFER, of Kansas, loves children and delights to see them gamboling around him.

GENERAL JOHN BIDWELL, the Prohibition candidate for President, is six feet and weighs 270 pounds.

SENATOR HOAR, of Massachusetts, has recently been the guest of Lord Chief Justice Coleridge, of England.

GENERAL SNOWDEN, in command of the Pennsylvania troops at Homestead, was formerly a Chicago journalist.

COCKRELL, of Missouri, and Power, of Montana, are the only Western Senators who were born in the West.

JUSTICE LAMAR, of the Supreme Court of the United States, always summers in the mountains of New Hampshire.

MARSHALL FIELD paid $200,000 for 800 square feet of Chicago land recently—the largest price ever paid in that city.

JOHN C. FREMONT, son of the famous Pathfinder, is a newspaper reporter, and was on duty at the scene of the Pennsylvania riots.

WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR has purchased the mansion on Carlton House terrace, London, which was occupied by George IV. when Prince Regent.

MR. AND MRS. RUSSELL HARRISON are occupying the President's Cape May (N. J.) cottage, and passing the season quietly and entertaining only a few guests.

JOSEPH DION, the once famous billiard player and ex-champion of America, is now an inmate of the home for pauper insane at Ward's Island, New York City.

THE late Samuel McDonald Richardson, President of a savings bank in Baltimore, had a wonderful memory of faces. He personally knew and could call by name over 46,000 depositors, most of them people of small means.

EMANUEL LASKER, the great chess player, who recently defeated Blackburn, the English champion, is only twenty-four years of age and looks even younger. His face is beardless, his spectacled eye cool and calculating.

THOMAS COOK, founder of the "personally conducted tour" business, who has just died in London, aged eighty-four, was totally blind for some years, but took great delight in traveling, "just to see the sights," as he said. He traveled extensively in this country two or three years ago.

JOHN A. BRASHEAR, of Allegheny City, Penn., the astronomer and manufacturer of telescopes, was once a laborer in one of the Pittsburg iron mills. His talents came to the attention of Henry Phillips, the millionaire, who persuaded him to give up puddling and devote his future to astronomy.

DR. E. FOR HARRIS, of Indian Territory, was formerly a resident of Pettis County, Missouri. On the morning of June 14, 1861, he left his home intending to return for dinner, but one thing after another engaged his attention, the first being the battle of Booneville, and he never saw Pettis again until the other day.

THE LABOR WORLD.

MINING activity is increasing.

AMERICA has 60,000 Chinese laundrymen.

EASTERN cotton mills have advanced wages.

RAILROAD building continues at a very low ebb.

THE English pay of a roller in iron mills is only $2.50 a day.

ELECTRIC lights have just been put in several Pennsylvania coal mines.

NON-UNION men are called "slushers" in western parts of this country.

RAIL straighteners earn ten dollars a day under the Amalgamated scale.

THERE are 1,803,406 domestic servants in England, of whom 1,350,000 are women.

THE Knights of Labor at Anita, Penn., have built a hall of their own, costing $10,000.

CHINESE laborers are to be imported into Africa to teach the natives how to cultivate tobacco.

A SPECIAL room in the Hahnemann Hospital of New York City is fitted up for sick saleswomen.

THE American Flint Glass Workers' Union has a membership of $300 and $128,000 in its treasury.

SEAMEN are very scarce in Quebec, Canada, and bounties of five and ten dollars are paid for each man.

NEARLY all the Southern car works are on full time, and business is improving throughout the South generally.

U. S. HOBART died in San Francisco, Cal., the other day, worth $4,000,000. In 1870 he was a carman in a mine, earning four dollars a day.

IT is estimated that three strikes of the granite-cutters and the building trades in New York City during the last four months cost $885,000.

HARVEST hands are so scarce in Barton County, Kansas, that the farmers gather at the railway stations and go through the trains seeking laborers.

THE clerks in the banks of Denver, Col., jointly own a cottage in the Rocky Mountains, where they all pass their vacations, using it in detachments during the summer.

THERE are 300,000 women engaged in industrial pursuits in Massachusetts, embracing twenty different occupations, the larger percentage being domestic and manufacturing.

ELECTRICIANS are very busy designing new plants for the smaller towns and cities throughout the West, and quite a number of cables and electrical roads are to be built this fall.

THE Secretary of the United States Treasury estimates that it will cost $32,000 to carry out the recently enacted law granting thirty days' vacation to all the employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

HOTTEST OF THE YEAR.

A Warm Wave Prevails All Over the United States.

A hot wave on a colossal scale prevailed all over the country a few days ago. It extended from Kansas in the West to the eastern borders of Maine, and from Canada to the Gulf. The maximum temperature throughout this vast region was 94. It was as high in St. Paul, Minn., as it was in New Orleans, and as high in Portland, Me., as it was at Key West, Fla. The temperature of New York City was the same as that of Key West, New Orleans and St. Paul.

It was the hottest day of the present summer, and the hottest day since June 15, 1891. The highest temperature was reached in New York City at 1 o'clock, when it was 94 on the roof of the Equitable Building.

It was the highest known on that day in the weather annals of the New York Signal Service Bureau. The suffering of the people in the streets and in the tenement houses was intense. No one could walk a block in the middle of the day without dripping with perspiration. The tenement houses were like ovens. Perspiration streamed from people's faces as they stood in the streets. The air was like that of a furnace. Men were prostrated at their work, or fell on the sidewalks, overcome by heat as they walked along the streets. Street car horses fell in the traces, and were dragged to one side to die. Nine deaths in the city were attributed to the effects of heat. Many cases of prostration were reported.

In the vicinity of New York the heat reached the highest point of the season, and several cases of prostration were reported. In several points in New Jersey the temperature reached 105 degrees. In some places factories were closed on account of the heat. In Brooklyn eight cases of prostration were reported.

Washington had its "hottest day of the year" that day, the mercury reaching 94 degrees at the highest, 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and causing many prostrations. At Chicago, where the thermometer reached the same point, six deaths from heat were reported. All over Virginia it was very hot, getting up to 96 degrees at Richmond, while at Manchester one man died.

Pittsburg suffered a great deal under ninety-eight degrees of heat, and workmen were obliged to "knock off" and go home. Kentucky seems to have stood near the head of the list, for at Louisville the temperature on the streets was 110 degrees.

In Illinois and Iowa the air was so stifling that people had to leave their work in the fields, although the temperature only reached 98 degrees. Many prostrations were reported in all parts of the country.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collections for the Year, $153,857,543—Sugar Bounty, $7,342,077.

John W. Mason, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury a preliminary report as to the operations of his bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1892. The report says: The total collections from all sources of internal revenue for the fiscal year just ended were $153,857,543, an increase of $7,882,127.48 over the previous fiscal year. The cost of collection for the fiscal year just ended will aggregate about $4,284,000, an increase of about $78,300. The percentage of the cost of collection is about 2.78. The percentage of the cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, was 2.88.

During the year bounty was paid on sugar to the amount of $7,342,077. The expenses of collection was $146,297.

A large number of the maple sugar producers who were licensed made no claim for bounty, and most of the claims which have been presented were not filed in time for payment prior to July 1.

The total quantity of maple sugar of the production of the past season upon which bounty will be claimed is about 3,600,000 pounds, and the total amount of bounty to be paid thereon will be about $63,000, as estimated.

KILLED BY BURGLARS.

Tortured and Killed for Not Telling Where Their Money Was.

Burglars entered the house of a family named Rubinstein at Warsaw, Poland, and demanded from the father his money. He refused to say where he kept it and the burglars chopped off his fingers with an axe. He still refused to tell and they brained him.

They then turned to Mrs. Rubinstein, who protested that she did not know where the money was. After torturing her also to no purpose the burglars cut her throat.

The youngest daughter was killed in the same way, and three boys of two, three and five years each, who had begun to cry, were dashed against the wall until dead.

The eldest daughter was hung up by her feet until she told where her father had kept his savings. The burglars found about 800 roubles in the chimney, to which she directed them. They then stabbed her in the breast and left her for dead.

A marketman who called at the house next day found the door open. On the floor of the first room was the eldest daughter, weak from the loss of blood but able to tell her story. The bodies of the other six had been thrown in a heap in the bedroom.

LAND OPENED.

It Reverted to the Government From the Southern Pacific.

Seven hundred and fifty thousand acres of land in San Benito and Monterey Counties, in California, and which according to the act of Congress of September 29, 1890, revert to the Government by reason of the failure of the Southern Pacific Railroad to complete a certain portion of its line within the specified time, were thrown open to settlement a few days ago, under the Homestead act, and a large number of filings were made at the Land Office.

Some excitement attended the opening of the land, but there was no violence outside of a few fights. A few hardy women went there to take up claims, and they will probably secure lands.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

140TH DAY.—The House bill providing for retaliation against Canada in the matter of the Welland Canal was unanimously passed ——After some desultory talk on the Homestead matter the Senate continued the debate on the Anti-Option bill. Mr. White, of Louisana, concluded his speech against the measure

141ST DAY.—Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to promote peace among Nations—— Mr. Morgan introduced a bill providing that the Government should take possession of the Central and Union Pacific Railways until their indebtedness to the Government is discharged——The Anti-option bill was further discussed.

142D DAY.—The conference report on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was presented—Messrs. George and Hunton spoke in favor of the Anti-option bill—— Mr. Peffer asked for the appointment of a select committee on the Homestead conflict. Mr. Sanders objected, because he thought that the resolution should also include the troubles at the Coeur d'Alene mines in Idaho.

143D DAY.—Mr. Aldrich spoke on the results of the McKinley Tariff law. Mr. Vest replied——The Anti-Option bill was laid before the Senate as the "unfinished business" and it went over.

144TH DAY.—The New York Bridge bill was taken up, but went over without action ——The Anti-Option bill was further discussed.

145TH DAY.—The bill, abolishing the office of Post Trader in the army on the termination of the present appointments, was passed ——The Senate refused to recommit the Anti-Option bill by a vote of thirty-two to thirteen——The O'Neill Eight-Hour bill was passed——The proposed investigation of the Homestead strike was discussed——The Hudson River Bridge bill was consigned to the calendar ——A House resolution to adjourn in two days was brought to the Senate and there referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

In the House.

138D DAY.—The discussion of the Senate amendments to the General Deficiency bill occupied the entire session and none of them was agreed to.

164TH DAY.—The General Deficiency bill was discussed. The item for the payment of the Indian Depredation claims, amounting to $478,252, was agreed to, 96 to 91, and then the House further insisted on its disagreements to the bill, and again sent it to conference.

165TH DAY.—The report on the Raum investigation was presented and discussed.

166TH DAY.—The Deficiency bill was passed——The Sundry Civil bill was discussed.

167TH DAY.—The World's Fair appropriation of $5,000,000 was passed, but on a motion to reconsider filibustering was begun.

168TH DAY.—The House spent the day in filibustering against the motion to lay the motion to reconsider the World's Fair appropriation on the table——A resolution to adjourn in two days was passed.

ANTONIO SEBILIO and Angel Santibara, of Victoria, Mexico, have been arrested on complaint of Antonio Dalryo, of Laredo, Texas, charged with embezzling 1000 parrots, valued at $10,000. Mr. Dalryo claims that he is the owner of the parrots and that the two men were the keepers.

THERE are over 2000 tons of silver bars, 55,000,000 silver dollars and $55,000,000 in gold coin stored in the Philadelphia mint.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

31	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice..$	—	@	$2 20
Medium, 1891, choice....	1 85	@	1 90
Pea, 1891, choice.....	1 85	@	1 90
White kidney, 1891, choice	2 50	@	2 55
Red kidney, 1891, choice.	2 35	@	2 45
Yellow eye, 1891, choice.	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., per bush....	1 90	@	2 00
Green peas, 1891, per bush....	1 70	@	—
1891, bags.....	1 65	@	—
1891, Scotch.....	1 75	@	1 80
	BUTTER.		
Creamery—St., & Penn, extras	22	@	—
St. & Penn., firsts.	20	@	21
Western, firsts.....	20	@	21
Western, seconds.....	18	@	19
Western, thirds.....	—	@	17
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	—	@	21
Half tubs and pails, 1sts.	19	@	20
Half tubs and pails, 2ds.	17½	@	18½
Welsh tubs, extras.....	21	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts.....	18	@	19
Welsh tubs, 2ds.....	17	@	17½
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts.	17	@	19
W. Im. creamery, 2ds..	15½	@	16½
W. Im. creamery, 3ds ...	—	@	—
Western Factory, firsts.....	15½	@	16
W. Factory, seconds.....	14½	@	15
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	13	@	14
	CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, large size white, fancy..	8¾	@	8¾
Full cream, colored, fancy	9	@	9¼
Full cream good to prime	8	@	8¾
Part skims, choice.....	5½	@	6
Part skims, good to prime	4½	@	5
Part skims, common.....	2½	@	4
Full skims.....	½	@	1½
	EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh.....	17¼	@	17½
Western — Fresh, fancy.....	16½	@	16¾
Fresh, fair to prime.....	16	@	16½
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—Southern, red, crate	75	@	1 25
Jersey, per bbl.....	1 00	@	3 00
Up River, per bbl.....	1 00	@	2 25
Pears, Sugar Loaf, per bbl..	2 00	@	2 25
Catherine, near by, bbl..	3 50	@	4 00
Bell, per bbl.....	2 50	@	3 00
Grapes—Western N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb basket.....	—	@	—
Western N. Y., Concord.	—	@	—
Peaches, Md. & Del., crate..	1 00	@	1 75
Huckleberries, N. J., per box	50	@	80
Jersey, per quart.....	6	@	9
Md. & Del., per quart...	5	@	7
Blackberries, Md., per qt....	7	@	10
Jersey, per quart.....	8	@	12
Gooseberries, prime green, qt	6	@	8
Raspberries, red, Jersey, pint.	4	@	6
Currants, large, lb.....	6	@	7
Small, per lb.....	5	@	6
Watermelons, Ga., per 100..	8 00	@	22 00
Muskmelons, per bbl.....	50	@	3 50
	HOPS.		
State—1891, choice, per lb...	25	@	25½
1891, prime.....	24	@	24½
1891, common to good....	19	@	23
1890, common to choice..	14	@	18
Old odds.....	7	@	10
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn..	14	@	14½
Western, per lb.....	14	@	14½
Spring Chickens, large, lb..	17	@	18
Small to medium.....	14	@	16
Roosters, old, per lb.....	—	@	8½
Turkeys, per lb.....	9	@	10
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair.....	65	@	1 00
Southern, per pair.....	—	@	60
Geese, Western, per pair....	1 25	@	1 50
Southern, per pair.....	—	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair.....	30	@	40
	DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.		
Turkeys—Selected hens, lb.	15	@	—
Mixed weights.....	14	@	—
Toms, fair to prime.....	13	@	14
Chickens—Phila., broilers...	19	@	23
L. I., broilers.....	—	@	—
Fowls—St. and Penn., per lb	—	@	13½
Western, per lb.....	13	@	13½
Ducks—Western, per lb.....	7	@	13
Eastern,.. per lb.....	19	@	20
Spring, L. I. per lb.....	18	@	19
Geese—Spring, Eastern, per lb	18	@	19
Squabs—Dark, per doz.....	1 75	@	2 00
Light, per doz.....	2 75	@	3 00
	VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes—Southern, seconds	50	@	1 00
Norfolk, bbl.....	1 37	@	1 75
Eastern, shore, per bbl..	1 37	@	1 62
L. I., in bulk, per bbl...	1 62	@	1 75
Cabbage, L. I. per 100.....	2 00	@	4 00
Norfolk, per barrel.....	—	@	—
Onions—Eastern shore, bbl..	2 25	@	2 50
Eastern shore, basket..	1 12	@	1 25
Squash—marrow, per barrel.	75	@	1 00
L. I., yellow, barrel....	75	@	1 00
L. I., white, barrel.....	75	@	1 00
Peas, S. Jersey, ½ bbl. basket	—	@	—
Long Island, per bag....	—	@	50
Cucumbers, Norfolk, per box	—	@	—
Jersey, per box.....	75	@	—
String beans, L. I., bag.....	—	@	50
Tomatoes, So. Jersey, crate.	40	@	60
Maryland, per bu. crate.	50	@	75
	GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—City Mill Extra.....	4 30	@	4 45
Patents.....	4 40	@	4 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red.....	88	@	88½
Rye—State.....	70	@	76
Barley—Two-rowed State....	—	@	—
Corn—Ungraded Mixed.....	45	@	58
Oats—No. 2 White.....	—	@	37¾
Mixed Western.....	—	@	—
Hay—Good to Choice.....	70	@	75
Straw—Long Rye.....	—	@	55
Lard—City Steam.....		@	6.75
	LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, City dressed.....	4¾	@	8½
Milch Cows, com. to good..	20 00	@	40 00
Calves, City dressed.....	7¾	@	10
Sheep, per 100 lbs.....	4 00	@	5 00
Lambs, per lb.....	5¾	@	7
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs.....	—	@	6 30
Dressed.....	8	@	9

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE plague is raging in Persia.

ITALY has twenty-two crematories.

DISASTROUS floods prevail in Japan.

THE cranberry crop promises to be large.

THE British Parliament is to meet August 4th.

ANTI-CHRISTIAN troubles in China continue.

MOUNT ÆTNA'S eruption continues to increase.

YELLOW FEVER is raging in Vera Cruz, Mexico.

HEAVY rains have delayed farming in Canada.

THE outflow of gold continues to attract attention.

THE cholera epidemic is spreading throughout Europe.

A BIG wheat crop is expected in North and South Dakota this season.

NEW MEXICO is enjoying the first rainy season it has had in four years.

IN Arkansas over 9338 farms have been inundated, causing a loss of $10,000,000.

THE New York Arion Society is meeting with brilliant successes in Germany and Austria.

THE pack of fruits and vegetables in Maryland this season will be far below the average.

THERE is quite a rush of people into the Southern States who have a few thousand dollars to invest.

THE latest issue of Trow's New York City Directory, just out, gives that city a population of 1,651,540.

KAISER WILHELM of Germany succeeded in catching a whale fifty-four feet long off the coast of Norway.

T. B. BALLENTINE, the millionaire "truck" farmer of Norfolk, Va., has purchased an entire square of ground in that city and proposes to erect on it a "widows' home." The building will stand in the centre, and the remainder of the tract will be laid out in lawns and gardens. Mr. Ballentine is without children, and has provided in his will that the rents of his city property be applied to the support of the home. He is a native of Currituck county, N. C., and began truck farming in the vicinity of Norfolk with a few hundred dollars.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

THE Wisconsin World's Fair building will have a $5000 grand staircase.

BUTTERFLIES to the number of 150,000 will be shown in the Pennsylvania exhibit at the World's Fair. The collection is said to be the most complete and finest in the world.

IT is estimated that the thirty-five railroads which enter Chicago will expend $110,000,000 in increasing and improving their equipment and facilities for transporting World's Fair visitors and freight.

COSTA RICA'S pavilion at the World's Fair will be surrounded by gardens ornamented by a profusion of tropical plants, and in the galleries of the pavilion will be placed more than 3000 beautiful birds, many of which have very gorgeous plumage.

MRS. PAUL and Mrs. Wise, Lady Managers for Virginia, together with their auxiliary board, have undertaken to raise $16,000 for the Virginia building at the World's Fair, which is to be a full-sized reproduction of Washington's home at Mt. Vernon.

FOR the Washington State building at the World's Fair, the lumbermen of the State have already donated 113,000 feet of lumber and 174 huge logs, measuring from twenty-four to 121 feet long and from twenty-one to forty-two inches in diameter at the small end. The logs alone are valued at $10,000.

CONSPICUOUS in the shoe and leather exhibit at the World's Fair will be the display made by Lynn, Mass. Lynn is the largest shoe producing centre in the United States, and fully seventy-five and perhaps one hundred of the shoe manufacturers of that city will furnish exhibits. They are acting in harmony in the matter.

DAOUD SIFICO, a wealthy merchant of Algiers, on a recent visit to Chicago, obtained from the World's Fair authorities a concession to establish an Algerian village and attractions on Midway Plaisance. According to his account the village will be a marvel, in its way, of Oriental construction and highly interesting exhibits.

THE Duke of Edinburgh has announced his intention of sending for exhibition at the World's Fair some of the almost invaluable collections of ancient musical instruments which he possesses. A part of the collection is now on exhibition at the International Music and Art Exhibition at Vienna, where it attracts much attention.

A SIOUX squaw living near San Diego, California, will exhibit in the Woman's Building at the World's Fair a dress of deer skins, richly embroidered with sixteen pounds of beads. She worked for two years in making the garment. From the San Diego Mission will be exhibited a valuable collection of fine needle work by Indian girls.

FRENCH breeders have become so much interested in making an exhibit of their horses at the World's Fair that they have sought to stimulate competition, and thus secure the best results, by offering as a prize a handsome bronze statue of a typical French trotter. This statue is to be modeled from life by M. Isadore Bonheur, and be awarded to the best collection of trotters exhibited at the Exposition.

FRANCE intends to show its skill in landscape gardening at the World's Fair. A cablegram has been received from the French commission asking that it be allowed to do, and bear the expense of, the "whole decoration of the spaces surrounding the Horticultural and the Woman's buildings. This generous offer, doubtless, will be accepted if it does not interfere with plans too far advanced to be changed.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

EWING'S days as a catcher are over.

THE Louisville Club has signed Denny and Whistler.

MANAGER HANLON, of Baltimore, thinks there is too much sacrifice hitting.

BROUTHERS, of Brooklyn, was the first League player to make one hundred safe hits.

NO pitcher should fear bass hits. If he does he cannot excel in strategic play in the box.

THE Philadelphias and the St. Louis Club, only, won the series from the Boston champions.

CHILDS, of Cleveland, now heads the League in run getting. He averages a run to a game.

CINCINNATI is this season, without doubt, one of the greatest, if not the greatest, baseball city in America.

ANSON'S poor playing has lost him control of his men and his accounts for the poor work of the Chicago team.

ONLY three of the New York Brotherhood men are left in the New York team, viz.: O'Rourke, Crane and Ewing.

CORCORAN, Brooklyn's clever short stop, was formerly a Western Union messenger boy. He graduated from the lots.

HUTCHISON, who has pitched the Chicagos into a commanding position in every pennant race since his connection with that club, is being hit freely all along the line.

THE fact should not be lost sight of that the twelve clubs now battling for honors make the strongest League ever organized. There is not in the League a "cinch" for any club.

THE Bostons have won more games in the last inning and by one run than any other team. It may be luck, but there is a great deal of good, nervy ball playing mixed in with the luck.

THE Philadelphia Club's feat of winning the entire first season series from the Louisville team is not unprecedented. That very thing happened to the Philadelphias in 1883, their very first season in the League, when the Bostons won all of the ten games of the series from them.

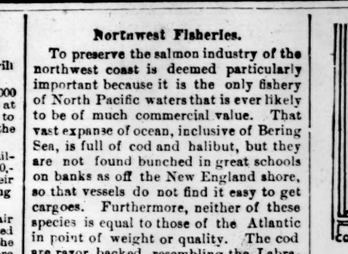
CONSIDERING the untried pitching material when the season opened, Ward has made a wonderful record with his Brooklyn team. He has certainly handled his team in a manner to completely overshadow Anson, of Chicago, Ewing, of New York, and even Comisky, of Cincinnati.

THE second championship season of the big League has begun. There is every reason to believe that it will be a much more exciting and eventful race than the memorable campaign just closed. The teams all start better equalized, and those that have been markedly weak have made mighty, and probably successful, efforts to strengthen.

A CHICAGO correspondent, who is a close observer and well-posted baseball man, attributes the loss of interest in Chicago to poor playing, and suggests that the best remedy would be to move Anson to some other city. He is as unpopular in Chicago as Comisky was in later days in St. Louis; in short, the Chicago people are tired of Anson.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Brooklyn...	8	3	.727	Baltimore.	6	5	.545
Philad'lp'a.	8	3	.727	Cincinnati	5	6	.455
New York.	6	4	.600	hicago...	5	6	.455
Boston.....	6	5	.545	Pittsburg.	4	6	.400
Washing'n.	6	5	.545	Louisville.	3	8	.272
Cleveland..	6	5	.545	St. Louis.	2	9	.182



A Veteran

Mr. Joseph Hemmerich, 521 E. 146th St., N. Y. City, in 1862, at the battle of Fair Oaks, was stricken with **Typhoid Fever,** and after a long struggle in hospitals, was discharged as incurable with **Consumption.**